

**PRICE 2 CENTS**

Hall Box Office.  
Doors open at 1.30 p. m. and 7.00 p. m.



## MR. KRUGER IN FRANCE.

Demonstrative Welcome to Him at Marseilles.

SMALL ANTI-BRITISH OUTBEEZ.

Mayor Prevents It From Becoming Serious—Banquet to the Transvaal Leader, Who Declares He Stands for No Compromise.

Marseilles, Nov. 23.—Yesterday proved a day of triumph for Paul Kruger, former president of the South African Republic, such as even the Boer delegates and his most ardent admirers failed to anticipate. The delirium of enthusiasm which marked every step of his progress from the time he landed until the hotel was reached was a revelation even to the people of Marseilles themselves. It fully equaled if it did not exceed the frantic demonstrations of patriotism with which France opened her arms to Major Marchand at Toulon on his return from Fashoda.

An assembly of such masses, exceeding even the most sanguine estimate, might perhaps be partly explained by the enormous obsequies of the bishop of Marseilles, including an imposing religious procession from the cathedral, but nothing can minimize the spontaneous explosion of sentiment displayed toward Mr. Kruger by the entire population of the first port and one of the largest cities of France.

Yet the grandeur of this demonstration perhaps ranks second in importance to the emphatic declaration of "no compromise" which Mr. Kruger delivered in a low voice, but one vibrating with emotion, accompanied by energetic gestures of the right hand, stirring the hearts of all within hearing. The last sentences of his declaration were uttered with a vigor and decision which bore on its repetition as the incarnation of iron will and stubborn resistance. His mere delivery



PAUL KRUGER.

of a declaration of such far-reaching importance testified to the independence of his character, as it came as a surprise even to his intimate political advisers, who up to the last were in ignorance of his determination.

An unfortunate occurrence at the hotel on the main boulevard alone marred the character of the demonstration, which up to that moment had been unanimously and exclusively a tribute of sympathy and admiration.

**Anti-British Outburst.**  
"Vive Kruger!" "Vive les Boers!" and "Vive la Liberté!" were the cries that formed a hurricane of cheering and swept over the city. Unfortunately the highly reprehensible foolishness of a half dozen persons in throwing small coins into the crowd as Mr. Kruger passed acted like a spark in kindling up anti-British enthusiasm which it needed all the promptitude and energy of the police to prevent from becoming a serious disturbance. The hotel remained for the rest of the day in a state of siege, while at one time a procession several thousand strong marched in the direction of the British consulate, shouting "Down with the English!" and raising other threatening cries.

The result was that a strong body of police was called to disperse the demonstrators, although it was not found necessary to make more than a few temporary arrests. Throughout the evening, however, large bands of students and other youths marched up and down in front of Mr. Kruger's hotel and of the hotel which was the scene of the unfortunate incident, cheering in chorus for Mr. Kruger and the Transvaal and denouncing England. These demonstrators were more noisy than dangerous, and the police wisely left them to relieve their feelings by shouting instead of interfering with them, which might have created disorder.

The mayor, immediately on learning of what had occurred, issued vigorous instructions for the discovery and prosecution of the culprits.

Every one expressed astonishment at the robust and healthy appearance of Mr. Kruger, considering his advanced age. He walked firmly, leaning but lightly upon his cane, when he crossed the landing stage to the landau in which he drove with Dr. Leyds and MM. Pauliat and Thoreud. The landau was followed by five carriages containing Boer officials, and these were followed by six officers conveying the officers of the Gold Coast and the members of the Marseilles reception committee, all forming a procession headed by various societies with handsome banners and escorted by a large police force.

Mr. Kruger repeatedly acknowledged the acclamation of the crowds that filled the sidewalks and balconies of the houses, black with sightseers waving hats and handkerchiefs. At several points along the route bouquets were presented to him, and on the balcony of the Military club stood a group of officers in gala uniforms who heartily joined in the ovation. On arriving at the hotel Mr. Kruger's cars were greeted with the strains of a Boer hymn, played by a local band, while the standard-bearers drew up in two ranks at the entrance and waved the



## SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.

Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE — MANFD. BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y. For sale by druggists — price 50¢ per bottle.

standards as Mr. Kruger, bareheaded passed between his apartments.

**Wild Applause For Mr. Kruger.**  
Soon after, in response to a thunderous ovation, he appeared on the balcony and repeatedly bowed, but as some ten minutes elapsed without a sign of abatement in the enthusiasm he spoke a few words, which were interpreted into French by Dr. Leyds and were followed by a repetition of the frenzy. Finally, to testify his gratitude, he took in his hand a corner of the French tricolor that was flying from the balcony between the Transvaal and Free State flags and pressed it to his heart again and again. The enthusiastic people cheered until he withdrew to his rooms, where he found half filled with bouquets and garlands presented by his admirers.

The perfect and the mayor then called to pay their respects, the latter, M. Flourens, making an eloquent speech in sympathy with the Boers. Mr. Kruger replied briefly, declaring how deeply he had been touched by the unexpected warmth of his recent reception in Marseilles and by the sympathy of the French people.

After luncheon and a little repose Mr. Kruger descended to the hall of the hotel where he received the delegations. He sat in a gilded chair immediately in front of the fireplace. Dr. Leyds and Messrs. Fischer and Wechs standing near him. Dr. Leyds briefly interpreted the addresses of the various speakers, but it was not until Mr. Kruger was introduced and found it a great strain to follow the gestures of orators speaking a language unintelligible to him. While these were in progress his eyes frequently roamed toward the group, but he listened attentively, with his hand to his ear, as Dr. Leyds read him the list of what had been said. Eventually, the effort becoming too fatiguing, he added that the other addresses were in French and that he would not attempt to read them.

**Head Message From Kruger.**  
Dr. Leyds represented him at the banquet given in his honor, where all the Boer officials and members of the pro-Boer committees were present, and read the following two-page letter from him:

"I am fatigued and am in mourning. Moreover, I never attend banquets, other wise I should have liked to spend a few minutes with you and to thank you. I shall never forget the warm welcome I have had in your beautiful city. Your recognition of me has surpassed all I could have expected even from the city which gave France her admirable national hymn, the 'Marseillaise,' which is the song of all people whose independence is threatened and who are struggling against invaders."

"I would that your acclamation could have been heard by all those Boers in arms who are encamped in our mountains. They would thank you from the bottom of their hearts. I thank you in their behalf. Could I have been with you I should also have expressed my thanks to all France and would have raised my glass in honor of your worthy president, M. Loubet."

Dr. Leyds then said, "In the name of President Kruger I have the honor to drink the health of the president of the French republic."

Mr. Kruger left for Paris at 9 o'clock this morning, remaining one night en route at Dijon. A reception is being arranged.

**To reopen Abandoned Mine.**  
Shanokhi, Pa., Nov. 23.—The Union Coal company announces that the Scott shaft, which was abandoned in 1894, will be reopened as soon as possible. A breaker will be constructed on the site between here and Mount Carmel and when in operation will give employment to 500 men and boys.

**Twitcheil Gets Two Years.**  
Buffalo, Nov. 23.—Ana L. Twitcheil of Springfield, Erie county, N. Y., former deputy commissioner of agriculture, who pleaded guilty to misappropriating state funds, has been sentenced to two years at hard labor in Auburn prison.

**Twenty Workmen Buried Alive.**  
Berlin, Nov. 23.—A house collapsed in Darmstadt yesterday, burying a score of workmen, of whom 12 are dead.

**Weather Forecast.**  
Fair; fresh south to west winds.

**STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLIC.**  
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure cold in one day. No cure, No Pay. Price 25¢ a box.

## MISHAPS OF A BIG LINER

Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Has Exciting Voyage.

OVER FORTY-EIGHT HOURS LATE.

Harlequin and Huge Waves Smote Her—Lost Propeller Blade—Just Missed a Tank Steamer—Grounded in Main Ship Channel.

New York, Nov. 23.—The gigantic express steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse of the North German Lloyd line came in to port yesterday afternoon two days behind time owing to fierce gales that retarded her all the way across the Atlantic and to the breaking of a blade off her port propeller.

Which rounding the elbow of the main ship channel two miles inside of Sandy Hook the great ship grounded on the Southwest spit.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse left Cherbourg at 11:30 p. m. on Nov. 14, with 330 first cabin passengers, 223 second cabin and 4573 steerage passengers and a crew of 450 men. She had heavy head winds from the start, with high seas and frequent rain squalls.

Half a dozen tremendous green waves raced along the decks, smashing rails and fittings and splintering light woodwork. The gale was so fierce that the ship's speed was reduced to nine knots an hour. During the day which ended at noon on Nov. 16 she covered only 181 miles. Storm clouds were vague and all passengers were kept below. An oil jet from the ship's log showed that the oil attained a velocity of 80 miles an hour.

The few passengers who were able to sit up and eat were at dinner at 7:25 p. m. of Nov. 16, when they were surprised by a sudden whirling sound and a tremendous sideways vibration.

Those who felt any alarm were soon quieted by the assurance that it was nothing worse than a lost propeller blade. The engines were stopped, and it was learned that one blade was missing from the port propeller. The ship has a screw propeller on each side. Each screw weighs 26 tons, is 22 feet 2 1/2 inches in diameter and has three bronze blades.

When the engines were started again, they ran on the starboard screw, which drove so as to equalize its speed with that of the port side, which was about 16 knots an hour.

**Coal Trimmer Jumps Overboard.**  
A German coal trimmer named Kuehl, 17 years old, jumped overboard and was lost last Wednesday. On the same day the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse while running through a fog passed so close to a deeply laden oil tank steamer that the passengers could look down upon the tank's deck and see the crew's work. The Kaiser arrived off Sandy Hook at 3:48 p. m., and she was boarded by Pilot Dennis Reardon.

The main ship channel is only about 1,000 feet wide where it passes the Southwest spit and bends almost at right angles to the northward and toward New York.

With her port propeller damaged and both engines reduced to a speed of 10 knots the task became doubly difficult.

Pilot Reardon brought the gigantic steamship slowly along the channel, hugging the northern side as closely as safety allowed. He cut just a trifle too close to that side as she rounded the Southwest spit, and her nose touched over so lightly on the mud.

The wind catching her stern around as the ship was backing off, and one of her propellers fouled the chain mooring of a spar buoy.

Late in the day a diver was sent to the Kaiser, and he managed to clear the propeller from the chain or found it clear. So the big ship hoisted her anchor and came up the bay under her own steam.

**Farmhouses in Arkansas Wrecked.**  
Little Rock, Nov. 23.—The path of the storm in Arkansas county is strewn with wrecked farmhouses. Miss Ella Skidger, a teacher, and nine pupils who were injured while fleeing in the storm will all recover. They were blown from a wagon onto a barbed wire fence, and the entire party sustained severe injuries. The principal damage to Arkansas county was in the town of Union, near Stuttgart, where several houses were blown down. The fatalities in Lee county will not exceed six, mainly negro farmhands.

**The Colombian Rebellion.**  
San Juan, Porto Rico, Nov. 23.—Governor Allen has been unofficially notified by a Venezuelan official that the rebels in Colombia are occupying the coast between the departments of Panama, Barranquilla and G. of the Fifth United States Infantry left for New York yesterday by way of Cuba. It is reliably asserted that Mr. John A. Russell, attorney general of Porto Rico, has tendered his resignation.

**New Cotton Mill in Charlotte, N. C.**  
Charlotte, N. C., Nov. 23.—A new \$200,000 cotton mill with 10,000 spindles and 200 looms has been announced for Charlotte. E. A. Smith is president of the company. J. P. Wilson is a large stockholder. The machinery for the mill was purchased a month ago. The location is in the town of Union, near Stuttgart, where several houses were blown down. The fatalities in Lee county will not exceed six, mainly negro farmhands.

**Midwest to Wed Six Footers.**  
Cordland, N. Y., Nov. 23.—There will be a strange marriage in this place on "Thanksgiving day," when "Major" Page, a midwife, 31 years old and weighing 49 pounds, will wed Miss Mary Wickie, a belle of Shamokin, Pa., who is six feet tall and weighs 167 pounds. It is a love match, and though it was a case of love at first sight, the courtship is of five years' standing.

**The Czar's Condition.**  
Livadia, Baroness Rasnitsin, Nov. 23.—The czar passed a fairly good day Wednesday. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon his temperature fell to 100.7; pulse, 68. During the night his majesty slept a little. Early yesterday morning the patient's condition was good. His strength was also satisfactory. At 9 o'clock his temperature was 101.1; pulse, 72.

**Official Vote of Illinois.**  
Springfield, Ill., Nov. 23.—Following is the official vote of Illinois: McKinley, 507,065; Bryan, 501,075; Woolley (Prohibition), 17,835; Debs (Social Dem.), 6,072; Yates (Rep.), 580,108; Alschuler (Dem.), 518,906; Farmer (Prohibition), 16,043; Perry (Social Dem.), 6,517.

There is a certain style of effect about garments made from these celebrated patterns that is not attained by the use of any other patterns.

**McCALL'S PATTERNS**  
(No-Sew-Allowance Patterns.)  
(Have not an equal for style and perfect fit. Easy to understand. Only 10¢ and 15¢ each—more higher. Sold in nearly every city and town or by mail. Ask for them. Get a Fashion Sheet and see our designs. Absolutely the best value for the money. A FREE PATTERN of your own selection will be given every subscriber to

**McCALL'S 50¢ MAGAZINE YEAR**  
A LADIES' MAGAZINE.  
One that every lady should take regularly. Beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction; etc. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

**THE McCALL CO.,**  
138-148 West 14th St., New York.

These Celebrated Patterns and Publications are for sale and recommended by H. C. HOPKINS & CO.

## CUBANS KEEP DOORS OPEN.

Vote to Make Their Constitution in Public Meetings.

Havana, Nov. 23.—The constitutional convention has decided by a vote of 19 to 10 to hold public sessions. This will probably be the behavior of many of the delegates. Eudaldo Tamayo, who is a candidate for the presidency, in arguing that the sessions should be public, made a flowery appeal to the people in the galleries, directing his remarks directly at them. He said, among other things, that they must not interrupt by applause, but should justify the reputation they had for good sense.

The president of the convention called Senor Tamayo to order and instructed him to address himself to the convention and not to the galleries. After much quarreling Senor Tamayo apologized.

Senor Aleman spoke in favor of private sessions. He said the time would come when the delegates would have to deal with delicate subjects, and the republic must be a native born Cuban. In the latter case a distinguished personality would be discussed, meaning General Maximo Gomez, who is a native of Santo Domingo. Much ill feeling would be prevented by holding private sessions, he said.

## Tampa's Labor Troubles.

Tampa, Fla., Nov. 23.—On account of the differences between the two cigar makers' unions here, which led to a serious riot last week, and the failure to bring about a settlement by the international union refusing to comply with all of the articles submitted by the arbitration committee, the Trades assembly yesterday formally ordered a general strike of all organized labor in the city, to begin Monday. The general strike will seriously paralyze business here if carried into effect. There has been an open revolt on the part of the majority of the union men, who declare that they will not go out Monday. Few cities have labor so well organized as in Tampa. The strike will take out carpenters, brick masons, machinists, painters, plumbers, tinners, woodworkers, engineers, printers, electric workers, boxmakers, trimmers and everything outside the cigar industry.

## Mexican Troops Fight Brigands.

Durango, Mexico, Nov. 23.—The band of brigands led by the notorious robber Unio Carrillo, who have been committing robberies and murders in the eastern part of the state of Durango, were overtaken by a force of government rurales, and a desperate fight took place on the Del Rio ranch, just over the border in the state of Zacatecas. One of the bandits was killed and others wounded. One of the rurales was wounded. The bandits fled into the mountains and are still being pursued by the rurales, who have been reinforced by a detachment of troops from Zacatecas. A large reward is offered for Carrillo, dead or alive.

## High Praise For American Scout.

London, Nov. 23.—The Daily News publishes this morning an interesting letter written by Mr. Burnham, the American scout who was on the staff of Lord Roberts, regarding the importance of scouting under the modern system of warfare, which puts a premium on individuality. Mr. Burnham recently received a letter from Lord Roberts testifying that, in his opinion, no other man could have performed the service rendered by Mr. Burnham. "Services requiring such peculiar training, skill, courage and endurance."

## Accused Murderer Returns Home.

Petersburg, N. J., Nov. 23.—August Van Woghe, a Belgian, living in this city, has just returned to his home here: a free man after being tried for murder in his native land. Four months ago the Belgian authorities asked to have him extradited on suspicion of murdering a man just before he left for the United States. Van Woghe was extradited and stood trial in his native country, but was acquitted of the charge.

## St. Louis Dynamiter Found Guilty.

St. Louis, Nov. 23.—Major Brennan, one of three men arrested for dynamiting property of the St. Louis Transit company during the recent street railway strike, was found guilty by a jury and sentenced to imprisonment for ten years.

## Rear Admiral Smith at Moscow.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 23.—Rear Admiral Smith, U. S. N., visited, has arrived at Moscow.

## RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its extraordinary promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost instantly. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Geo. Hill, Drug Co., Portsmouth, N. H.

## DEADLOCK IN PEKING?

Paris Fears the Concert of the Powers Will Be Broken.

London, Nov. 23.—The Paris correspondent of The Morning Post says that information has been received in that city confirming the reports of a deadlock between the ministers in Peking, which, it is declared, may result in a complete split in the concert of the powers. The correspondent says that the capricious and incomprehensible diplomacy of the United States is mainly responsible for the frustrated accord of the powers being broken. It was the expectation that their policy would become steady after the elections, but it did not.

It has never been possible to understand what the United States would do from one week to another. Now they are entirely in favor with China. Russia also now finds the terms of peace, including the proposed punishments, too hard, and Japan, always snobbish, is of the same opinion, while M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, in a speech in the chamber of deputies two days ago also showed a disposition to be magnanimous.

"Nine ministers," says the Peking correspondent of The Morning Post, writing Wednesday, "have written strong letters denouncing the punishment and declaring that Tung Fu Liang must be punished."

"Dr. Mumm von Schwartzstein, the German minister, told Li Hung Chang that the foreign powers must themselves punish the guilty officials."

"It is reported that Chinese troops have repulsed a German expedition, but no details have been received."

## New Iron Plant.

Youngstown, O., Nov. 23.—A large bar iron, sheet and tube plant will soon be erected in this city. The incorporators of the new concern are Colonel George D. Wick, James A. Campbell, George L. Fordyce, Edward L. Ford and William Wilson. The incorporation papers name the capitalization at \$600,000, but this will be increased shortly to \$7,000,000. The plant will consist of puddle mills, three finishing mills, butt and lap weld tube mills for making wrought iron pipe, ten hot sheet mills and a galvanizing department. The new concern is not in the trust.

## Large Gifts to Hospital.

New York, Nov. 23.—At the forty-fifth annual meeting of the Woman's Hospital of the State of New York the following gifts were reported: From Mrs. Aldrich, \$2,000; Caroline E. Hollis, \$5,000; S. D. Belmont, \$2,000; the Stewart estate, \$1,175; and subscriptions of \$63,000 for the new building, making a total for that purpose of \$84,175. Mrs. Frederick F. Thompson, who has given \$50,000 for a new building, has promised to give \$150,000 more to erect a home for nurses when it is constructed.

## Pushing Neely Freed Case.

Havana, Nov. 23.—Messrs. Count and Wright, who have been acting as counsel in the prosecutions growing out of the postoffice frauds, have received official notice to turn over to the fiscal government all papers and other evidence bearing upon the case in their possession. It is said that Horatio Rubens will be assigned to take charge of the prosecutions and that in the case of Charles F. W. Neely proceedings will be pushed vigorously.

## Sandbagged in Chicago.

New York, Nov. 23.—V. F. Mellick, former president of the National bank of Pocatello, Ida., and "gentle king" of the Snake river region, is now a raving lunatic, the result, it is thought, of being sandbagged in Chicago a week ago. He was taken to Morristown, N. J., heavily ironed and was committed as a private patient to the State Hospital at Morris Plains. The commitment was made at the instance of his father, P. W. Mellick, a wealthy farmer of New Germantown, N. J. James La Boide, an attendant in the Retention hospital at Chicago, brought Mellick here. He tells the story of assault and robbery. Mellick had been in Chicago several days, had sold his cattle and was preparing to return to the Snake river country. On the evening of Nov. 17, with a large roll of bills, he started out to visit the theaters. Late that night he was staying and asked for a loan of \$2 with which to pay the cabman for bringing him home. The cabman said he had found Mellick out near Lincoln park on the Boulevard wandering around in a dazed condition. His money, watch, rings and all valuables were missing.

## Indiana Start a Big Suit.

Ardmore, L. T., Nov. 23.—Attorneys on behalf of certain members of the Chickasaw and Choctaw nations filed a suit in the United States court involving \$20,000,000. The suit is against a large number of the states or were admitted citizenship in the Chickasaw and Choctaw nations by the federal court in Indian Territory. Plaintiffs allege that these claims of citizenship have been fraudulent, and the grounds on which they are based are null and void and without legal effect. The plaintiffs ask a judgment annulling and setting aside all decrees of citizenship heretofore rendered.

## Fearful Prisoner Shot Himself.

Schenectady, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Herbert H. Snyder, the agent of the Ballston Refrigerator company of 122 South Center street, this city, made an ineffectual attempt to blow up his brains in Albany. He was brought to Schenectady to stand trial for alleged embezzlement. His condition is not serious, and he will be able to leave the hospital, where he is under police surveillance, within a few days. Mr. Phillips, manager of the refrigeration company, swore out a warrant for Snyder's arrest on a charge of collecting \$100 and not turning it in to the concern.

## Workhouse Inmates Poisoned.

Manchester, England, Nov. 23.—Between 200 and 300 inmates of the Manchester Workhouse infirmary are suffering from arsenical poisoning from some cause unknown to the authorities. The affair involves a good deal of mystery, but it is rumored that similar conditions exist in certain other Manchester institutions. According to one report the poisoning is due to the beer supply.

## Bulgarian Plotters Sentenced.

Budapest, Nov. 23.—The trial of the nine Macedonian Bulgarians accused of participating in a plot to assassinate King Charles of Roumania was concluded yesterday. All were sentenced to hard labor for life in the salt mines or to long terms of imprisonment. The court also sentenced many others who were in connection with the plot to life.

## HAIR-HEALTH

The sale of three million bottles of this elegant hair dressing in the United States and Great Britain in 1899 proves that it has surpassing merit and does all that is claimed for it.

**HAY'S Hair-Health**  
HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH  
EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED

to restore gray, white or faded hair to youthful color and life. It acts on the roots, giving them the required nourishment, and positively produces luxuriant, black hair on bald heads.

"Not a Gray Hair Left!"  
The testimony of hundreds upon the merits of Hay's Hair-Health is a daily dressing and a necessary adjunct to every toilet, and unlike other preparations, has healthful action on the roots of the hair, causing the hair to retain its original color, whether black, brown or golden.

Prevents hair falling after sea bathing or much perspiration.

**One Bottle Does It. LARGE 50c. BOTTLES. At Leading Druggists.**

**FREE SOAP Offer** Good for 25c. value  
Cut out and sign this Coupon in five days and take it to any of the following druggists and they will give you a large bottle of Hay's Hair-Health and a 25c. cake of Harina Medicated Soap, the best soap you can use for hair, scalp, complexion, bath and toilet, both for Fifty cents; regular retail price, 75 cents. This offer is good only to same family, redeemed by leading druggists everywhere, at their shops only, or by the LONDON SUPPLY CO., 833 Broadway, New York, either with or without soap, by express, prepaid.

**GUARANTEE**  
Any person purchasing Hay's Hair-Health anywhere in the United States, who does not become satisfied, may have his money back, and a 25c. cake of Harina Medicated Soap, the best soap you can use for hair, scalp, complexion, bath and toilet, both for Fifty cents; regular retail price, 75 cents. This offer is good only to same family, redeemed by leading druggists everywhere, at their shops only, or by the LONDON SUPPLY CO., 833 Broadway, New York, either with or without soap, by express, prepaid.

Following druggists supply Hay's Hair-Health and Harina Soap in their shops only:  
G. E. PHILLIPS 45 CONGRESS STREET, Portsmouth.  
HENRY GREEN, 12 Market Square, Portsmouth.

## COPPER IS KING

A SAFE INVESTMENT AND A SURE FORTUNE

Can be made buying Copper Shares now at the present price of 15 cts. per share. Low risk, high return.

**\$100 FOR EVERY \$10 YOU INVEST**

The Copper Cliff Mining Co. owns 4 Copper mines in Iron Co., Calif. Our Assays per ton show 200 lbs. of pure Copper. Value 20¢ per lb. Our 4 mines produce 100 tons of pure Copper per month. All mining, transportation and smelting charges and leave handsome profit. Dividends can be earned and made without building and operating a smelter or other expensive plant. Experts have examined our mines and certify that they are rich in Copper. Stock is sold by W.M. Reed, Investment Broker, 139 S. 5th St., Philada. Pa. at 15¢ per share. We want money now to develop and take the ore out from the mines and now offer a limited amount of stock for a 10¢ price.

**\$15 BUYS 100 SHARES**  
**\$25 BUYS 170 SHARES**

**\$50 BUYS 350 SHARES**  
**\$100 BUYS 800 SHARES**

We are so confident that stock will go up at par that we guarantee that after twelve months from date you cannot buy a share of this stock from the Copper Cliff Mining Co. for less than its par value, \$1. per share.

Copper shares have made investors many fortunes the past year. In 1899 a servant in the family of Prof. Agassiz asked him to invest \$200 for him. He invested it in 20 shares of Copper stock. The compound interest and dividends added to the present market value of \$350,000. Greatly this opportunity and do likewise, you cannot lose. (Get rich, buy a few shares before they advance.) Send money by draft, express, registered letter or post office order for as many shares as you wish, to

**W.M. REED, Investment Broker, 139 S. 5th St., Philada. Pa.**

ESTABLISHED IN 1872. PORTSMOUTH POST OFFICE.

## C. E. BOYNTON,

BOTTLED OF ALL KINDS OF

## Summer Drinks,

Winger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer  
Tonic, Vanilla Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Seller of Eldridge and Milwaukee Lager  
Porter, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

**ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED**

A continuance of patronage is solicited from our customers and the public in general, and we are prepared to fill all orders promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

## C. E. Boynton

18 Bow Street, Portsmouth

"His car's not for me," said Uncle Eben, "for hunk folks will 'buss' each other's cheeks and noses, and they clud der acks w'en she comes 'roun ter tell de news."—Washington Star.

A sticker.  
The chairman of a certain Scottish school board is said to have addressed the following remonstrance to the chairman of another: "Why did you give that teacher you sent us so good a character? Why, the fellow is perfectly useless!" "Well, the fellow is perfect," replied the other, "for he has given me a far better character before he got rid of him."

The Right Pitch.  
Platte—I thought I'd practice on my cornet last evening, but to save me I couldn't get the right pitch on it.  
Bratte—Couldn't you get the window open?  
Platte—What's the window got to do with it?  
Bratte—"Well, the right pitch would have been through that."—Philadelphia Record.

## THE FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

OF PORTSMOUTH N. H.

Have just completed a new system for bottling the

## -OLD INDIA-PALE ALE-

It is bright and sparkling and has a nice creamy taste, and is prescribed by the doctors generally as a sedative for nervous people. There are but few medicines equal to this ale. Many people who are weak find that a glass taken at night secures them a continuing and refreshing sleep. It is a tonic for ladies and invalids it has no equal.

It is a food as well as a medicine. It is bottled by the Newfields Bottling Co. only.

It is put up in cases of two dozen bottles.

For further particulars write to the

## Newfields Bottling Co.

NEWFIELDS, N. H.

## BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. NOTE THE NAME

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure cold in one day. No cure, No Pay. Price 25¢ a box.



**Granite State**  
**Fire Insurance Company**  
 OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.  
**Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000**

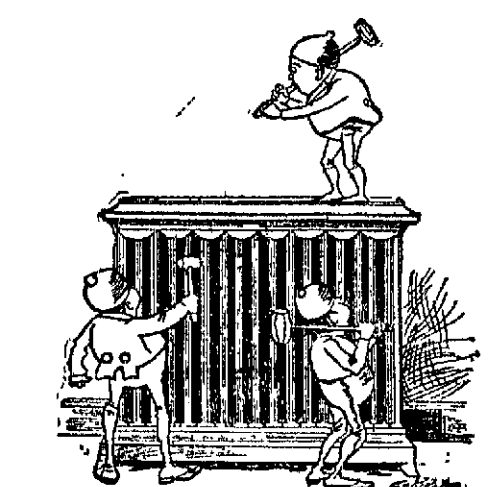
**OFFICERS:**  
**President, FRANK JONES;**  
**Vice President, JOHN W. SANBORN**  
**Secretary, ALFRED F. HOWARD;**  
**Asst. Secretary, JOHN W. EMERY**  
**Treasurer, JUSTIN V. RANSOM;**  
**Executive Committee, FRANK JONES**  
**JOHN W. SANBORN, CHARLES A.**  
**SINCLAIR, ALBERT WALLACE**  
**and E. H. WINCHESTER.**

**We Are Now Receiving Two**  
**Cargos of**  
**PORTLAND CEMENT**  
 AND THE  
**HOFFMAN CEMENT**

The only lot of fresh cement in the city!

**We have the largest stock**  
**and constant shipments ensure**  
**the newest cements.**

**J. A. & A. W. WALKER**  
**137 MARKET ST.**



**That Hammering Noise**  
 In your radiator remedied,  
 and all other defects or  
 repairs attended to by....

**G. B. CHADWICK & CO.**  
**Mechanists,**  
**11 BOW ST., PORTSMOUTH, N. H.**

**STANDARD BRAND.**  
**Newark cement**

400 Barrels of the above Cement Ju-  
 lauded.

**HIS COMPANY'S CEMENT**

Has been on the market for the past fifty  
 years. It has been used on the

**Principal Government and Other**  
**Public Works,**

and has received the commendation of ar-  
 chitects and consumers generally.  
 Persons wanting cement should not be  
 misled. Obtain the best.

**FOR SALE BY:**  
**JOHN E. BROUGHTON**

**"A WORD TO THE WISE**  
 is sufficient."

**Refrigerators**  
 AND  
**Go-carts**

Are somewhat out of season to  
 advertise, we admit, but we want  
 to call your attention to the fact  
 that we are making

**Specially Low Prices**

On these two lines of goods just  
 now in order to close out on  
 surplus stock which otherwise  
 will have to be carried over to  
 another season.

**Prudent People**

Take advantage of the trader's  
 dilemma and thus secure real  
 bargains.

**W. E. Paul**  
**39 to 45 Market St.**

**WHAT LIFE IS.**

A little crib beside the bed,  
 A little table above the head;  
 A little stool behind the door,  
 A little shoe upon the floor.

A little lad with dark brown hair,  
 A little blue eyed face and fair;  
 A little hat that leads to school,  
 A little pencil, slate and rule.

A little blithesome, winsome maid,  
 A little hand within his laid;  
 A little cottage, wares four,  
 A little old time fashioned store.

A little family gathering round,  
 A little turf heaped, tear dewed mound;  
 A little added to his soil,  
 A little rest from hardest toil.

A little silver in his hair,  
 A little stool and easy chair;  
 A little night of earth lit gloom,  
 A little cortege to the tomb.

**WHAT WE CALL OUR WEIGHT.**

**And What It Would Be in Entirely**  
**Different Circumstances.**

You step upon a weighing machine, drop a penny in the slot, the hand goes around the figured dial and, stopping at a certain point, tells you that your weight is so many pounds. You know by this, in a sort of comparative way, that there is a certain amount of the matter which composes the universe confined under your skin. You have appropriated a certain portion of it in the construction of your flesh and bones. There is a definite amount of the elements combined together which produces an effect upon the machine, and that effect is translated into pounds. You do not know exactly what a pound is, but it is some sort of an arbitrary measure of the force of gravitation, and after reading the figures on the scale you know about how much there is of you by comparison with other objects that have weight and density.

When you stand outside of yourself, there seems to be no reason why you should have any weight. The mind, which is the most important part of you, does not appear to have any weight, is a matter entirely outside of yourself. You cannot increase or diminish it by any act of will, though sometimes in dreams you seem to have divested your body of the downward pull which you call weight and find yourself floating as easily as a mote in a sunbeam. It may be that this is a sort of recollection on the part of the matter which enters into our composition of a time when it was really not subject to this tugging called gravitation and floated free. In our present environment, however, this law of matter has us in full control, and we cannot escape it for the smallest fraction of a second. It operates steadily all the time, and we are obliged always to take it into account.

But does the scale actually tell us how much we weigh? It simply calculates the balance between two forces that are working against each other, the one tending to drag us down to the center of the earth and the other to send us spinning out into space. The pull of gravitation has the advantage by so many pounds, otherwise we should leave our happy homes in a hurry and start on a journey from which we would never return—going out into space to hobnob with comets and asteroids and other celestial wanderers. This old earth is a whirler and a twirler. It has more curves than a baseball in the hands of an expert pitcher. You have seen the experiment of swinging a pail of water over the head without spilling the water. The earth is giving us the same sort of a swing.

It is as if some giant were stationed at the point of space where the center of the earth is, with a string upward of 3,000 miles in length attached to us and were swinging us around at the end of it. This rate of circular motion is approximately 1,000 miles an hour. It is a pretty rapid swing, and the fact that on account of the rapidity there is a considerable tendency to take a long jump several thousand miles into space must make a considerable difference in the pressure when we step on the weighing machine. If the earth were to stop its whirling some day for a short time, we should all suddenly become heavy weights, and it is a question whether the ordinary weighing machine would be adequate to measure the tendency which our bodies would have to press toward the center of the earth. It is plain, therefore, that we should weigh a good deal more if it wasn't for the giant swing given us by the planet upon which we are involuntary residents.—Pittsburg Times.

**The Kentucky Parson's Guarantee.**

A good joke is told on a certain minister of the gospel living in this city who likes to trade horses by way of recreation. By some means the preacher came into possession of a horse that wouldn't pull at all when he came to a hill. The parson found a purchaser who inquired particularly as to age, condition and qualities of the parson's steed. At last he asked if he was a tried puller. "It would do your soul good to see him pull," was the enthusiastic response. The trade was made, and in a few days the new owner came back and claimed the parson had misrepresented the qualities of the animal. "I told you it would do your soul good to see him pull, and would it not have done so?" The purchaser saw the point and dropped the subject.—Winchester Democrat.

**A Marvelous Linguist.**

Professor Thomas Davidson was a master of many languages. On one occasion he had an interview with the pope. The conversation was carried on in several languages, including ecclesiastical Latin. At this last his holiness remarked that his visitor must be an Italian. "Ego sum Scoticus," replied Professor Davidson; "I am a Scotchman."—London Sketch.

**A Bad Flight.**

"Just think! My husband has promised to take me to the Land of the Midnight Sun."

"Why do you look so distressed about it?"

"How can I know what sort of clothes will be suitable for midnight sunshine?"

**Her Friend's Comment.**

"He suggested that possibly I might learn to love him," said the spinster.

"Yes, of course," returned her dearest friend. "Doubtless he realizes the truth of the saying that 'one is never too old to learn.'"—Chicago Post.

The southern part of Africa is of volcanic origin, and the land in the neighborhood of Kimberley is so sulphurous that even ants cannot exist in it.

Occasionally the people have a right to abuse you. If you make a mistake, abuse comes you to be more careful.—Atchison Globe.

**WERE NOT PRECOGIUS.**

**Many Noted Men Who Developed Late in Life.**

The illustrious poet and novelist, Sir Walter Scott, was an exceedingly dull boy when at school. Professor Dalzell said of him when he was at the University of Edinburgh, "Dunce's 12 is, and dunce he will remain."

Richard Brinsley Sheridan, the eminent Irish orator and dramatic author, was so stupid when a boy that his mother upon one occasion introduced him to a tutor with the remark, "He is an incorrigible dunce."

Dean Swift, the eloquent divine and humorist, was by no means a brilliant boy. He was plucked at Dublin university and obtained his recommendation to Oxford "speciali gratia."

Oliver Goldsmith while a student at Trinity college, Dublin, was notorious for idleness and stupidity. In after years he spoke of himself as "a plant that flowered late."

Dr. Adam Clarke, the English theological writer, was so very obtuse when a boy that his father called him a "gracious dunce."

The poet Thomas Chatterton was sent home to his mother with the very discouraging accomplishment that he was a "fool, of whom nothing could be made."

Scotland's national poet, Robert Burns, was a dull boy, "good at nothing save athletic exercises."

The great Italian dramatist, Vittorio Alfieri, was a most unsuccessful student and left college but little wiser than when he entered it.

When a schoolboy Isaac Barrow was noted for his savage temper, his idleness and his stupidity. He caused his parents much trouble, and his father often said, "If it pleases God to take any of my children away from me, I hope it may be Isaac, the least promising of them all."

Sir Humphry Davy, the eminent English chemist and natural philosopher, was but an "ordinary" schoolboy, giving no promise of future greatness.

Robert Clive, the English general, was dubbed a "dunce" when a boy, and to get rid of him his family gladly permitted him to go as an ensign to India. He fought his way to a colonelcy by the time he reached unaided, distinguished himself in 1751 by his success against the French, and in 1759 saved the English rule in India by driving Suraj-ad-Dowlah out of Calcutta and routing his army. Eventually he returned to England wealthy and covered with honor.

Dr. Thomas Chalmers, a Scottish divine and author, was so dull and cared so little for learning when a boy that he was dismissed from the parish school at St. Andrew's as being a "hopeless dunce."—St. Louis Star.

**GOT THEIR QUARTERS.**

**She Was Selling Souvenirs From the Southern Battlefields.**

"They were very busy when she entered, but beauty is far better for the eyes than figures, and they all dropped their peers and looked up."

"What can I do for you, miss?" said the confidential clerk, glancing at her stunning gown and picture hat.

"I am afraid I am intruding on your time," she said sweetly.

"Rest assured that you are not."

"She opened a dainty little satchel and brought forth several blocks of wood."

"Gentlemen," she said, "I am selling these souvenirs of Lookout mountain and Chickamauga battlefields for 25 cents each, the proceeds, after expenses are deducted, to go to a deserving charity. These little blocks of wood, of course, possess no intrinsic value but the memories they call up. If you are southern gentlemen, and of course I know by your appearance that you are southern gentlemen, you will think of the valor displayed on those fields by the noble sons of our dear southland every time you gaze upon these little blocks, and a feeling of pride in your ancestry and your native land will swell your hearts with pride."

How much more she would have said can only be guessed at, but of course they would. The staff of clerks passed up their quarters like small boys before the circus wagon.

"Thank you, gentlemen," she said, bowing herself out. "You have indeed assisted in a noble work."

Then came Jimmy, the office boy.

"Say, where did you fellows get them little blocks?" he inquired.

"Bought them from a lady," responded one. "They are souvenirs from the battlefields of Lookout mountain and Chickamauga."

"Did she have on a pink dress?"

"Yes."

"Carry a little satchel?"

"Yes. Where did you see her, Jimmy?"

"Down in a furniture factory asking the foreman for little blocks. She told him she wanted them for a child to play with. Say, you fellows don't know Lookout mountain souvenirs when you see them. These blocks come outen saw-logs."—Chattanooga News.

**Flies in Winter.**

That flies are present in the summer and absent in the winter is a matter of common knowledge. Just where the flies go to in winter, however, is a question which few can answer.

This mystery as to the whereabouts of flies in the colder months is deepened by the fact that flies, like Adam and Eve, are born fully grown and of natural size. There are no small flies of the same species, the little ones which you occasionally observe and feel being of a different kind from the larger ones.

In winter, if a search of the house be made, these summer tormentors will be found in great numbers secreted in warm places in the roof or between the partitions of floors. Around the chimney myriads of them may be seen hibernating comfortably.

**Rank selfishness.**

Clara, I hear, Carrie, that you have refused Frank Switzer.

Carrie—I had to do it. He is so selfish, you know. He told me he could not live without me. Just thinking of himself, you see.—Boston Transcript.

**For the Children's Sake.**

"They say he married her because he felt that his children needed a mother."

"Yes. He has just bought her a \$250 toy dog and sent his children to live with his first wife's mother."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Ebony is always soaked for 6 to 13 months as soon as cut. It comes chiefly from Mauritius and from Ceylon and the East Indies.

Widowers, like tumble down houses, should be repaired.—New York World.

**TRICKS OF WAITERS.**

**METHODS BY WHICH THEY INCREASE THEIR REVENUES.**

**They Get Small Wages, but Manage to Swell Their Pay by Tips, by Making Mistakes and by "Standing In With the Cashier."**

Men who patronize the German resorts which are a combination of barroom, club, restaurant and debating society and possess many of the characteristics of the real German "bierlokal," have seen a great change in the manner of conducting them in the last few years. There are still some places where the regular customer, the "stammgast," makes his own score and tells the waiter how much he owes when he leaves the place, and there are many places where the waiters call for what they want for their patrons and make a lump settlement before going home. But those are the small places, and even in these there are cash registers as checks on the person who finally handles the money.

But in the larger establishments there are many elaborate systems by which the waiter is held in check and compelled to curb his inclination to tip himself. A system which was introduced by one of the largest resorts of this kind is known as the metal check system. When the waiter goes to work, he buys \$10 worth of metal checks, and with these he pays for what he takes from the bar. At the end of the day or night he receives cash from the cashier for the checks still in his possession.

"That system worked splendidly," said an old waiter, "as long as the cashier was honest, but when he formed a combination with a waiter or with several it became an easy matter to make a nice bit every day. A waiter would throw down a dollar check and receive twice as much in change, and at the end of the day or week there would be a division. Could this last? Well, I should think so. I have been here for seven years, and in that time several \$15 a week cashiers have opened places of their own."

"Some of the best places in town belong to men who were waiters and cashiers, and when they became proprietors their help looked them just as they did their former bosses. But the metal checks were not enough for the new saloon people, and they put in a new thing, in which many slips, rubber stamps, cash registers and spotters were employed to keep the cash out of the waiters' pockets."

"Well, that was the worst of all. Combinations can be made in that game just as well as in the old one, and at one place the waiters ran things so high that the smart ones cleared as much as \$10 a night. Wait till I get this order," and he halted in his German discourse.

"Yes," he resumed, "it's pretty hard for an honest man, because he gets no credit for being honest. The boss knows that he's being swindled, but he makes money just the same, and if he got all he made he would be able to ride about in a carriage on his day off the same as the cashier does. Low wages do it all. A cashier gets from \$10 to \$15 a week and handles all the cash, and he naturally pays himself a little every day on account. He usually swears at the waiters and puts on a stern front, but those who know all about the business will tell you that the waiters at whom he yells the most are the ones who are his secret partners."

"A waiter at a 'bier kniepe' gets the princely pay of \$4 to \$7 a week. In some of the best places there are old hands who get as much as \$8, but they are few. They go on duty at 6 o'clock in the evening and remain until 1 o'clock in the morning, and in those places where there are dancing halls in connection with the regular business the waiters often have to remain until 3 o'clock and later. Many of these waiters have 'down town jobs' during the day, where they work from 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 in the afternoon for \$4 a week. What do you think of that?" And after propounding that question the waiter hurried off to fill an order.

"But the waiter doesn't get left," he resumed, making marks on the pad which he carried, "and tips make the jobs worth holding. In places like this waiters make good pay even when they don't stand in with the cashier. Men give big tips to show off before the women, and at times when there's a fight at a table as to who shall pay, when every one insists that he should foot the bill, the fellow who gets off free usually tips the waiter liberally, but I can't say just how much they give. Cases of that kind make up for those where a man gets even with the house for serving beer with too much or too little 'collar,' or a poor sandwich, or a flat siphon of water, or mustard with a fly in it, by refusing to give the waiter a tip. Making a mistake in addition is a fine way to make an extra dollar in those places where the check is not made out at the desk, but, taking it all in all, standing in with the cashier is the best game."

Many waiters in up town establishments took their first degree in the service in Bowery resorts where brawn and muscle were counted among the necessary requisites for success. The old waiter was one of this class. In speaking of his early experience he said:

"Down there we had to serve a rough, tough gang and often had to fight for our pay. Occasionally we could 'do' a man who had too much or forgot to settle for a trayful of stuff at the bar, or maybe sneak a couple of glasses in the rush. But that's the only way there was of making an extra cent. The bosses know that, and that's why waiters in the Bowery district, where tips are scarce, get three times as much pay as the men who work up town. A good, stout waiter who will keep sober during business hours can make \$15 a week in wages in some Bowery places."

The waiter stopped in his discourse to greet three men who took their places at an empty table with the air of men who were prepared to make an evening of it. Beer in large glasses was served to them without much delay, and then the waiter whispered: "Those are the customers we like to see. They know how to treat a waiter."

"Who are they?"

"Waiters with a night off."—New York Tribune.

**Antarctic Gales.**

With short interruptions we had continually experienced heavy gales, some of which exceeded 90 miles an hour. These gales naturally considerably checked the progress of sledge expeditions.—Borchgrevink of Southern Cross in Geographic Magazine.

**WHY DOES ONE SHUDDER?**

**The Instinctive Horror of Mankind For Certain Animals.**

One of the unexplainable things in human nature is the antipathy of persons to certain animals. A woman is afraid of a mouse. What is it?

Nearly every one will admit privately that some instinct of horror leads him to shrink from certain animals which he knows to be harmless. This feeling generally increases as we proceed downward in the scale of animal life, reaching its maximum at insects and spiders. But it is not confined to these lower animals. Apart from the feeling some women have toward mice, there are men who have some such feeling even toward dogs. Going from mammalia to birds, such feelings may be unusual, but some persons have to a certain extent this horror at the idea of touching certain fowls, though most birds seem to them unobjectionable.

As regards reptiles, the feeling is common. Thousands shrink from touching a common ring snake or a glowworm, the most harmless of animals, or even a frog, but others will make pets of frogs or of the harmless kind of snakes. So a woman might make a pet of a frog and shrink from a mouse.

This instinctive dread reaches its most marked point in the case of insects and spiders. Some shudder at the thought of touching any insect, or, they would say, creeping things. Some would play with certain insects—a moth—but shrink from others, as a cockroach or earwig, both perfectly harmless. With years these feelings may change. The goat moth is one of the large moths, and I should gladly let it crawl on my hand, but even now, after many years, I shudder at the mere thought of touching the caterpillar of that moth. I mention these things about myself because one can, in such cases, say with certainty what one has known, but not what one has merely been told. I hope some readers whose ingenuity or knowledge is more profound than mine will suggest a satisfactory explanation of these singular feelings which we certainly have toward some and various creatures.

Whether other animals share such feelings I know not, but I will tell an anecdote suggesting something of the kind. An observer saw two hungry sparrows in the street with a black object between them which they seemed to wish to pick up, but the thing seemed to wriggle and the birds to shrink from it, and soon they flew away. What repelled them was a beetle resembling that commonly called the "devil's coach horse," and, like the sparrows, the observer shrank from it. Though no doubt it was perfectly harmless, it would have needed a strong motive to induce the person who told this story to pick it up even with gloves, and the sparrows seemed at least to feel as he did. This beetle, so hideous to a man, and even a couple of sparrows, shrank away with repulsion at the mere sight of it, was yet, doubtless, to its own kind, a handsome, beautiful animal. Why should a woman shudder at the thought of a harmless mouse?—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

**His Honor's Lecture Wanted.**

"Aha! Another case of wife beating, I suppose," said the magistrate sternly when there was brought into the court a great, rawboned giant of a bully and a tiny, shy, meek looking little woman of about 80 pounds weight.

"Ain't you ashamed of yourself, sir?" said the magistrate sternly. "A man who would strike a woman is so low in the scale of human degradation that there are no words in which to express his cowardice and baseness. A man who will be so untrue to his vows as a husband as to strike his wife is too contemptible to live. Come, my good woman, let me hear your story. Do not be afraid to speak freely. You are under the protection of this court, and no harm shall come to you from him."

A bright light came into the tiny woman's blue eyes, a crimson flush came to the wan cheek, and her voice cut the air like a two edged sword as she said: "Get off your feet, yer honor. It was me as licked him! That's what I'm here for!"—Stray Stories.

**Avoided the Explosion.**

A worthy Yorkshire canon, who had been greatly displeased by an act of disobedience perpetrated by one of his gardeners, sought an interview with the offender in order to reprimand him.

Knowing that it able to avoid this interview until his master's wrath had abated he would come off with only a few mild words of censure, the man kept out of his way.

A few days afterward, however, when the storm was quite over, master and man came face to face in one of the hot houses, and the canon asked:

"Why have you avoided me in so pointed a manner of late, Johnson?"

To which the gardener wittily replied: "Now, I'll put it to you as a man, sir—would you, if you could help it, stand in front of a canon to be blown up?"—Pearson's Weekly.

**Starving in a Bakery.**

A well to do Pittsburger has a brother who plays the black sheep part in the family. A common thing for him to do is to leave home without a word and be missing for weeks at a time. He stays missing until he has no more money. The last time he left home he went to Wheeling. He was gone about two weeks before a letter came with the usual request to telegraph money at once. When it came, it read:

Dear Brother—For God's sake and for the sake of our dear, dead parents send me some money at once by telegraph. I am starving. Address care of Blank's bakery.

The brother sent this reply:  
 Dear Jim—Ask Blank for a bum. PATRICK.  
 —Pittsburg Times.

**The Making of a Musical Comedy.**

"But why do you call the hero of your musical comedy 'Azot Yore'?"

"Well, you know that in every perfect musical comedy there must be at least one joke. You can have all the music you want, but you need only one joke. The audience looks for it."

"Well?"

"Well, when the heroine asks, 'Do you love me as of yore?' they get the joke. See? Azot Yore. Clever, isn't it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**Sure to Remember.**

A lady of literary fame once requested Dr. Reid, the celebrated medical writer, to call at her house. "Be sure you recollect the address," she said as she quitted the room, "No. 1 Chesterfield street."

"Madam," said the doctor, "I am too great an admirer of politeness not to remember Chesterfield and, I fear, too selfish ever to forget number one."

**VITAL STATISTICS OF PORTS.**

**MOUTH**

For the month of October, 1900, as recorded by Wm. H. Moore, city clerk, from returns made in accordance with the statute law:

**BIRTHS.**

Date. Child to  
 2d, Cornelius and Elizabeth Driscoll, son, Jeremiah.  
 7th, Frank F. and Letty C. Godfrey, daughter.  
 8th, Lorenzo and Elsie Nason, son.  
 11th, James W. and Addie A. Barrett, daughter, Annette.  
 19th, Francis and Fusie Terry, daughter, Helen.  
 29th, Hugh H. and Ida May Atwell, daughter.  
 30th, Walter D. and Minnie C. Cameron, son.  
 31st, Eugene J. and Annie Piche, daughter.

**MARRIAGES.**

Date.  
 2d, John H. Holland and Mary E. McNay, both of Portsmouth.  
 3d, Frank H. Stearns and Lena E. Cleveland, both of Portsmouth.  
 9th, Irwin S. Lowell and Carrie M. Bowles, both of Portsmouth.  
 10th, Joseph Norris Parker and Mabel Klog Griffin, both of Portsmouth.  
 13th, Frank Skinner of Washington, D. C., and Annie F. Johnson of Portsmouth.  
 17th, James H. Conlon and Louisa M. Morri on both of Portsmouth.  
 17th, Thomas J. Burke and Etta L. Nickerson, both of Portsmouth.  
 17th, Amos R. Lock and Florence McLean, both of Portsmouth.  
 21st, Richard G. Pray of Portsmouth and Harriet Mabel Moranc of Dover.  
 21st, Abouze R. Donnell and Elinor May Hall, both of Bath, Me.  
 24th, George Harris Miller of New York City and Fannie Eveline Eldridge of Portsmouth.  
 25th, William Martin and Charlotte Bonnell, both of Portsmouth.  
 30th, George S. Kivrac and Elizabeth C. McCourt, both of Portsmouth.  
 30th, Philip A. Hayes and Violet Pearl Wright, both of Portsmouth.  
 31st, Alfred P. Hamel of Lynn, Mass., and Jessie L. Kent of South Eliot, Me.  
 31st, Arthur W. Horton of Portsmouth and Jean Shaw of Cambridge, Mass.

**DEATHS.**

Burial permits were issued by the city clerk during the month as follows, the date given in each case being that of the issue of the permit; where the death occurred in another city, the name of the place is given:

Date.	Name.	age.	sex.	days.
2d,	William Harrison Alden,	75	5	36
3d,	John Farrell,	15		
5th,	Charlotte May Upham,	82		
5th,	Almira H. Greenleaf,			
	Beverly, Mass.,	70	13	
6th,	Woodbury E. Shannon,	46	8	4
6th,	Edmund Clark,	63	5	23
7th,	Charles E. Mardon,	68	11	
7th,	William H. Meloun,	81	9	
7th,	William C. Ellis, Worcester, Mass.,	65	3	20
8th,	Will H. Akerman,	72	7	17
10th,	Sarah A. Waldron,	66	4	7
11th,	Ralph H. Dennett,	4	4	1
13th,	Wingate N. Riley,	76	3	12
22d,	Esther May Johnson,	32	3	
22d,	Edward Wright Owen, Lynn, Mass.,	25	3	21
22d,	Charles J. Rydor,	61	4	5
23d,	Francis Perry,	4	1	4
24d,	James H. Spencer,	49		24
24th,	James C. Donnelly,	61	6	
31st,	Samuel W. Norton,	66	10	18
31st,	Marion L. Sides,	65	6	18
31st,	John Mac Perkins, Providence, R. I.,	16	9	17
31st,	Adalza Shannon,	51	1	11
31st,	Edwin F. Stokell, Exeter,	29	11	15

**For a Cold in the Head**

**Exhaustive Bromo-Quinine Tablets.**

**ATLANTIC SHORE LINE.**

The construction of the Atlantic Shore line, which will complete the chain of electric roads from York to Old Orchard, will probably be commenced next spring, as by that time the prices of railroad materials will be down to a place where the promoters can build at an advantage. The railroad commissioners gave their approval of the building of this line, on Thursday.



# THE HERALD.

Formerly The Evening Post  
ESTABLISHED SEPT. 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted.  
Subscription \$4.00 a year, when paid in advance.  
Single copies 2 cents per copy, delivered any part of the city or sent by mail.  
Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.  
Communications should be addressed to:  
HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Telephone No. 21-3.

F. W. HARTFORD  
B. M. TILTON,  
Editors and Proprietors.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portsmouth, N. H., Post Office second class matter.

## FOR PORTSMOUTH

AND

## PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1900.

To would-be reorganizers of the democratic party: First find your party.

It may be that the unseasonableness of the weather is due to an excess of heat left over from the campaign.

Nevertheless, if the young Duke of Manchester wants to come over and grow up with the country nobody will object.

The presence of Oom Paul in France is giving the impulsive Frenchmen a great chance to let out a lot of their spite against John Bull.

If Germany is opposed to the partition of China, as she so earnestly declares, it may be because she hopes to capture the whole thing.

Vi gile, Georgia and Alabama are engaged in a race to see which shall be first to disfranchise her negro voters. At present it looks like a dead heat.

If London gets too gay during Statesman Croker's visit, he may turn in and give her a large dose of moral reform also. That is his specialty nowadays.

King Leopold of Belgium is an admirer of American writers, and says they "are brighter than the English and not monotonously immoral like the French."

Representative Bailey, of Texas, says there is nothing in this talk about democratic reorganization. But Arthur Pue Gorman is in it. Does Mr. Bailey call him nothing?

Representative Hitt has been added to the list of republican candidates for United States senator from Illinois. The republicans would make no miss in choosing Hitt.

No doubt Croker's first question on landing in England will be as to whether New York is morally any better than it was when he left. But what a ridiculously superfluous question it will be!

There is a ring of Emersonian philosophy in Senator Hoar's sentence: "The great things are done by men of ordinary capacity who have done their best; done their best by never wasting time." Rabelais was not the first to discover that "nothing is so dear and precious as time." Senator Hoar's practical homily deserves wide circulation among the youth of the land.

The outlook is favorable for the treatment of the Philippine question during the coming session of congress in just that spirit of deliberation which so large and difficult a subject requires. Precedent would be followed by the passage of the Spooner bill, introduced last session, which grants to the president civil power in the administration of affairs in the archipelago until congress shall take more definite action. This is precisely the measure of discretion which congress vested in Jefferson, in the case of the Louisiana purchase. It will allow time for the Philippine commission to complete its investigation and prepare its report; and, together with the reports of military commanders, will thus place before the next congress the data necessary for further legislation.

Secretary Long's proposal that the naval militia shall be abolished and a national naval reserve established in place of it, is simply a repetition of the recommendation presented in his last annual report, and it indicates the only practicable means of supplying one of the navy's most urgent needs. Mr. Long holds that the naval militia has outlived its usefulness, and that instead of it we should have a regular reserve of officers and seamen enrolled under the authority of the navy department and in readiness

for immediate service. He points out that in the event of hostilities our available warships would require 500 additional officers and 10,000 men to make them effective, and that a naval reserve could supply this force in a few weeks, whereas the naval militia system could not produce one-tenth the number in double the time. The force of Secretary Long's plea is so evident that there should be little difficulty in procuring the adoption of his plan at the coming session of congress.

### TWICE TODAY.

Rusco & Holland's Minstrels to Give Two Performances at Music Hall.

The famous fansters and laugh generators that Rusco & Holland have been able to secure by combining their original Nashville students with Gideon's Big Minstrel Carnival will be the offering at Music hall this afternoon and evening. Matinee at two o'clock. No more welcome announcement than this could be made to the fan and laugh loving portion of the public. The management of this mammoth array of Senegambian talent have this season outdone all previous efforts and have secured for this allied company all the well known favorites.

Novel and elaborate stage settings and costumes, which have taxed the scenic artist's and costumer's skill and ingenuity, have been prepared to delight the eye and the world of music has been probed to its innermost depths for effects to charm the ear. With Skinner Harris, Bobby Kemp, Emmet Davis and Julius Glenn and a dozen assistant comedians, the fan department is filled to overflowing. The biggest street parade ever attempted was one of the features.

The ferryboat Kittery will run the Saturday evening trips for the accommodation of Kittery and York people and the usual large attendance from the other side of the river is assured by the sale of reserved seats.

### GAME NOTES.

Dr. Benjamin Cheever and C. B. Hoyt gave a game supper to a party of their intimate friends, at Ham's, on Friday evening. The venison served originally, in the form of a handsome deer, roamed around in the north country, near Woodstock.

E. W. Schurman of this city and J. W. Bradshaw of Boston bagged a seven-pound goose off the breakwater at Little Harbor on Friday morning. The bird is of the Canadian gray species. It will be taken to Boston by Mr. Bradshaw, where its plumpness will grace a Thanksgiving table.

### \$100 REWARD \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.  
Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

### PORT ROYAL DRY DOCK DAMAGED.

The navy department has been informed that the government dry dock at the Port Royal station has six bulges in its sides, the water getting underneath and forcing up the frame work. The repairs called for will cost at least six thousand dollars, and while these are to be authorized, this latest damage makes it very evident that the dock will be of little use hereafter. This occurrence will tend to attract fresh notice to the immense dock now being built at the Portsmouth yard and the sterling quality of its construction work.

### APPOINTED RODMAN.

Edward T. Hendricks, a native of Massachusetts and a resident of Vermont, has been appointed a rodman in the department of yards and docks at the navy yard. Mr. Hendricks relieves Mr. Frank Hoyt of this city who held an appointment for ninety days. Mr. Hendricks has reported at the yard.

### AT THE NAVY YARD.

This is pay day on the yard. The roll tapo board will hold several meetings.

There are five officers at present stationed at the marine barracks.  
Ex-Senator Henry W. Blair found many old acquaintances among the officers at the yard during his visit.

### For a Cold in the Head

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.



## Weak Women

Are Made Strong by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Mrs. Grace Campbell, of 881 Logan Street, Grand Rapids, Michigan, relates the following story:  
"The birth of my first child took me in a deplorable condition. My system was broken down and I suffered from general debility. My appetite failed me and the most delicate and inviting food failed to tempt me. I was thin and pale, and had neither energy nor ambition. My case had been growing steadily worse for two years. I had used several so-called remedies but was not benefited.  
"In the summer of 1898, I was visiting in London, Mich., and there I learned of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I tried the pills and had not finished one box before I felt much better. I continued them through the year and the result was a perfect cure. I am no longer a nervous, rheumatic and have more than regained my lost flesh. I certainly recommend the pills to all women."  
Signed MRS. GRACE CAMPBELL.  
Subscribed before me this 28th day of July, 1900.  
SEAL B. F. BAILEY, Notary Public.

At all druggists or direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Newburgh, N. Y. Price 50c. per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

### STATE NEWS.

Items of Interest to People in This Part of New Hampshire.

George and Eugene Wheeler were acquitted of assault in Warren at the supreme court in Plymouth before Judge Wallace.

The diphtheria epidemic continues in Nashua.

Samuel Adams, an aged resident of Tilton, fell from a hen house he was shingling and broke his arm and was otherwise hurt.

Exeter bowlers will play a return game with Haverhill.

Elmer Clark lost a finger in a planing mill at Meredith.

At Antrim thieves entered the post office, a clothing store and the Antrim passenger station. But little was secured.

A number of Hampton Falls young ladies and gentlemen will hold a private dancing party in the town next Wednesday evening, Nov. 23.

The selectmen of Seabrook have posted a reward of \$25 for the conviction of any person convicted of stealing hens or having stolen hens in their possession.

The board of health of Manchester is having something of a respite from small pox at present, no new cases having been reported for a number of days.  
The marriage of Miss Marion B. Cran to Mr. J. Edward Brown is announced. Both of the contracting parties are from Hampton Falls and are very popular there. The date set is December 5th.

The final arrangements have been made for the solemn triduum, which will be celebrated at the Cathedral in Manchester for three days, commencing on next Monday morning, for the first time, in honor of the canonization of St. John Baptist De La Salle, founder of the Brothers of the Christian school.

Col. Walter S. Scruton of Rochester has entered the list as a candidate for sergeant at arms of the House of Representatives. He has served in the House from the town of Hillsborough and was an aide-de-camp on the staff of former Gov. John B. Smith.

## Wise Women Take...

Nature's rational cure for all those ills known as FEMALE TROUBLES

For a long time I have been a sufferer from female weakness, stomach troubles and terrible headaches. I was so bad that I used to faint away on the street. I took two bottles of TANGIN, and it is perfectly wonderful the good it has done me, and I shall use it right off if ever I have a return of my troubles. Only one who has suffered as I have can tell of the gratitude I feel toward TANGIN for having restored me to complete health. I strongly recommend it. Mrs. C. H. Field.

TANGIN is a tonic that goes directly to the source of all womanly troubles, giving strength and vigor to the weakened organs, and charging the entire system with all the elements which produce sound health. There isn't a bit of uncertainty about its curative powers. Its action is prompt and positive. The woman who takes TANGIN begins to feel better within twenty-four hours from the time she takes the first dose.

50c. & \$1.00 per bottle  
SEND US A POSTAL CARD  
and we will send you a free sample of TANGIN together with a sensible treatise on the ills peculiar to women.  
Address TANGIN, New York

### MAINE NOTES.

John Allen Peabody, an old time resident of Kennebunkport, died in Sausalito, Cal., Nov. 12, aged seventy years and six months.

Another of the Alfred prisoners who escaped on election day has been captured, but three are yet missing and it is believed they boarded a train and shipped into the provinces.

Among the York county towns of 2000 and over by the new census are Berwick, 2,250; Kennebunk, 3,228; Sanford, 6,086; South Berwick, 3,188; Wells, 2,907; York, 2,663. Kittery, 2872. Sanford has gained nearly 2,000 in ten years and is close on the heels of Saco.

Peter Lake, an Indian about 65 years old, dropped dead in the dining room of the National House in Meads block, Biddeford, Friday. The man came to the city yesterday and had been selling Catholic religious articles about town.

The University of Maine Law school will remain in Bangor for some time to come, at least. The question of removal of this important professional department of the university came up at the meeting of the board of trustees held at Orono on Wednesday morning.

### GREAT LUCK OF AN EDITOR.

"For two years all efforts to cure Eczema in the palm of my hands have failed," writes Editor H. N. Lester, of Syracuse, Kan., "then I was wholly cured by Bucklen's Arnica Salve." It's the world's best for Eruptions, Sores and all skin diseases. Only 25c at Globe Grocery Co.

### SPORTING NOTES.

Haverhill duck pin bowlers defeated Exeter's best.

University of Pennsylvania beat the Naval cadets a football, 26 6.

Jan Goodrich will probably play fall-back for the Maplewood eleven, Thanksgiving day.

The football teams of the Kittery and York High schools will play at Kittery this afternoon.

O'Connor, the crack end, has been elected captain of the Dartmouth football team for 1901.

Cornell is bent upon defeating Pennsylvania this year, and will do its best on Thanksgiving day.

George Richardson of the Unity team is a good man in the centre of the line. He snaps the ball quickly and accurately, and his offensive and defensive work are both of a high order.

Having each defeated all comers this season, Harvard and Yale will line up against each other today.

At a Chicago horse sale this week Dan Mahaney paid \$1,750 of Hon. Frank Jones' money for the seven-year-old bay mare, Phoebe Onward, 2:12 1-4, by Shadlin's Onward out of Sentinel Belle by Grand Sentinel. Wednesday he gave \$650 for Miss Nutonia, blk m, 4, by Nutwood, out of Iona by Alcione.

### The Democracy of Greece.

"Our country is certainly more democratic than the United States," the crown prince of Greece once said to me in the midst of a conversation about the political institutions of his country. He was surely right if the remark be applied to the social and political instincts of the Greek people. No more naturally and unaffectedly democratic a people exists under the sun than the Greeks. Not only are there no aristocratic titles, but there is no apparent consciousness in the ordinary life and manner of the Greek commonly known as the village dandy, of social barriers. The village dandy is as plucky and comfortably with the other villagers and the peasants in the cafe or bakali. The cabman who served you yesterday does not omit to give you from his box a graceful salute as he passes you on the street. No humbleness of occupation or of presumed station in life deters one man from greeting another whom he meets on the road or in the square, or from beginning the frankest and freest conversation.

The reserve and cautious if not bashful self respect of the Anglo-Saxon commonly interprets this Greek freedom at the first as bald effrontery. In the judgment of the newsmen the Greek commonly gains the credit of being what the American collegian would call "decidedly fresh." In reality it is part and parcel of the national courtesy, tinged and conditioned, to be sure, by the equally national curiosity. Democracy is no affectation. The bashfulness which springs from suspicion of manners is unknown.—Benjamin Ide Wheeler in Century.

### Intellect Iron.

The growing introduction of ductile iron is pointed out by a writer in Engineering as an important feature in the mechanical world. Its tensile strength is represented to be 69,000 pounds and more to the square inch, and after being heated to a dull red and plunged into cold water it can be filed easily, showing that it takes no temper. Specimens are mentioned which have had portions heated and drawn out under the hammer after being twisted cold, without fracture, and in another case a heavy chain the links of which were cast open, then joined and welded without the use of flux; also valves, stems, crank shafts and other similar pieces, finished to pattern in a lathe and exhibiting surfaces without a blow hole. Intricate castings, too, were reproduced regularly without failure, while, as is well known, a not inconsiderable percentage of loss has attended other methods for the production of very strong castings.

### Two Suspicious.

Old Lady—I manifold your story of your sudden bereavement by your wife's death a fortnight ago and your children's illness is not quite the truth.  
Tramp (chuckling)—Not true! Look 'ere, lady, I've been in this unfortunate position for more nor five year and 'ave said the same thing 'undreds of times, and you're the first 'ave over doubted my word afore.

## A Sick Child

Restores health to adults, acts immediately on the blood, cures diseases of the mucous lining of the bowels and stomach, gives tone and vigor. Price 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Write for book "Children and their Diseases." E. W. R. TILDY & CO., Auburn, Maine.

## TRUE'S Elixir Cures

Restores health to adults, acts immediately on the blood, cures diseases of the mucous lining of the bowels and stomach, gives tone and vigor. Price 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Write for book "Children and their Diseases." E. W. R. TILDY & CO., Auburn, Maine.

### CITY BRIEFS.

Eggs are bringing a good price in the local market at present.

A corps of Boston & Maine civil engineers are measuring the bridges and sidings on the Western division.

Morris Hennessey, son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Hennessey, died at the home of his parents on Bow street Friday noon, aged four years.

The Biddeford police have been asked to be on the lookout for a Portsmouth boy who ran away from home with a pocketbook containing \$11, the property of somebody else.—Biddeford Journal.

Notices have been posted in the police station announcing the offer of \$3000 reward for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of George C. Hurlburt of Belmont.

The locomotives and passenger cars of the Boston and Maine railroad are being renumbered and are running up in the thousands on account of the addition of the Fitchburg division.

Edward Tuck of Paris has sent his usual contribution of \$100 to the Exeter Relief society. Mr. Tuck expects to spend the winter on the Riviera, south of France, and to visit Exeter next spring.

Capt. Edward T. Strong, U. S. N., has been retired from active service with the rank of Rear Admiral. His last duty was in China and the Philippines and went there from this yard. His home is in Reading, Mass.

The Pfeiffer property at 73 and 75 Congress street, opposite the Kearsarge hotel, consisting of a store in the lower story and a tenement of five rooms above, was sold today by Auctioneer C. Dwight Hanson to John Sias & Co. for \$4800.

John S. Hubley of this city, one of the schooner Concord's crew to the Klondike gold fields, has just returned from a trip to Kasaan bay, Alaska, where he purchased 13 claims, each one containing 20 acres of land, and said to well filled with copper.

Mr. Isaac Dow, one of the most prominent citizens of Newington, met with a severe accident on Thursday by being thrown from a horse he was riding. He fell on a pile of stones and was much shaken up. On examination it was found that two of his ribs had been fractured.

The Litch Pearl will begin a ferry service between Kittery Point bridge and New Castle, connecting with the P. & M. Y. railroad at the bridge, next Sunday, on the schedule filed by the steamer Butterfield. The boat will be in charge of Capt. G. J. Frisbee of Kittery Point.

On and after Dec. 3, 1900, all trains on the York Harbor and Beach railroad will be discontinued until April 29, 1901. This means that no freight trains will run over the York railroad this winter. The Portsmouth, Kittery and York electric railway will continue to do business through the winter months.

### HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, Nov. 24.—Tug Shawanese, Perth Amboy, towing barge Buffalo, Portsmouth; Baliza and Barnegat for Saco; tug Wyalusing, Perth Amboy, towing barge Brunette and Beacon.

Sailed, Nov. 24.—Tug Piscataqua, for Boston, towing barges P. M. Co. No. 10, an New Market, Boston; schooner M. H. Beal, coal port; tug Wyalusing, Boston, towing barge Black Diamond, coal port.

### OBITUARY.

#### John Lear.

John Lear, one of Portsmouth's most respected citizens, died quite suddenly at the home of his son on High street this afternoon, aged about seventy years. He leaves a family, including two sons, Wallace and Charles Lear of this city and Fred Lear, who resides out of town.

#### HIS LEG CRUSHED.

A laborer named Kenneth Sullivan is injured about the right leg while working in a ditch at the navy yard's forenoon by a cave in and was taken to the naval hospital, where his injuries were dressed and later was brought to his home in this city. The injuries are not serious.

## PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

### WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

#### A Guide for Visitors and Members.

**OAK CASTLE, No. 4, K. G. R.**  
Meets at Hall, Pease Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.  
Officers—Charles F. Cole, P. C.; Charles E. Oliver, N. C.; Willis Mathes, V. C.; Robert M. Herrick, H. P.; Charles W. Ham, Y. H.; True W. Priest, K. of E.; Allison L. Phinney, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

**PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, No. 3, O. U. A.**  
Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each Month.  
Officers—Edward Voudy, C.; George D. Richardson, V. C.; Fred Joslyn, S. Ex.; Arthur Woodsum, J. Fr.; Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank Langley, T. S.; W. M. S. S.; Frank Walsh Ind.; Jas. Harrold, E. S.; Joseph Welch, I. P.; Wm. F. Gardner, O. P.

**OSGOOD LODGE, No. 48, I. O. O. F.**  
Meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.  
Officers—George W. French, N. G.; A. G. Stimpson, V. G.; Howard Anderson, Sec.; Edwin B. Prime, Treas.; Albert C. Plummer, Fin. Sec.  
The Degree Flag will be displayed when degrees are to be conferred. Watch for it. All brother Odd Fellows not members of the Lodge are cordially invited to attend the Lodge meetings and are assured a cordial greeting.

**PORTSMOUTH LODGE, No. 97, B. P. O. M.**  
Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.  
Officers—True W. Priest, E. R. H. B. Oow, T.; I. R. Davis, S.

## HAVE YOU SEEN THE

Fit Style Service Excellence of

## DUNCAN'S SHOE STORE

No. 5 Market Street.

### THE LATEST STYLES FOR LADIES.

### Professional Cards.

## G. E. PENDER.

### PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office—13 Pleasant St., Exchange Building  
Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 6 and 7 to 8 p.  
Residence—3 Merrimac St.

## W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.,

Residence, 98 State St.  
Office, 26 Congress St.  
Portsmouth, N. H.  
OFFICE HOURS: 10 A. M. to 12 M. and 7 to 8 P. M.

## C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.

DENTAL ROOMS, 10 MARKET SQUARE.  
Portsmouth, N. H.

## F. S. TOWLE, M. D.

84 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.  
Office Hours: Until 9 A. M. to 12 Noon and 7 to 8 P. M.

### WHERE TO GO FOR AN CUTTING

## CUTLER'S SEA VIEW,

### HAMPTON BEACH,

Where you get the famous FISH DINNERS.

Most beautifully situated hotel on the coast. Parties catered to.

JOHN CUTLER, Proprietor

### The Famous

## HOTEL WHITTIER,

Open the Entire Year.

Favorite stopping place for Portsmouth people.

If you are on a pleasure drive you cannot fail to enjoy a meal at Whittier's.

OTIS WHITTIER, Proprietor.

## CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR

### AND TURFING DONE.

WITH increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to take charge and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be interested to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turling and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies in addition to work at the cemeteries he will do turling and grading in the city at short notice.  
Cemetery lots for sale, also Loan and Turf Orders left at his residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail, or left with Oliver W. Ham (successor to E. S. Fletcher Market street, will receive prompt attention.  
M. J. GRIFFIN

## H. W. NICKERSON,

### LICENSED EMBALMER

—AND—

## FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

5 Daniel St. Portsmouth.

Calls by night at residence, 9 Mill avenue, or 11 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.  
Telephone at office and residence.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing so good; don't believe the substituter.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.  
Two separate companies—the same. Inquiries having them.  
15 and 25 cents per block at all druggists.  
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.



BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

EASTERN DIVISION

W. L. A. Thompson, 1, in effect Oct. 8

For Boston, 3:30, 7:30, 9:15, 11:51 a.m., 2:25, 4:50, 7:25 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:00 a.m., 7:25, 9:00 p.m.  
For Portland, 9:55, 10:45 a.m., 2:45, 8:50, 9:30 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45 a.m., 8:55 p.m.  
For Wells Branch, 9:55 a.m., 2:45, 5:22 p.m. Sunday, 8:30 a.m.  
For Old Orchard and Portland, 9:55 a.m., 2:45, 5:22 p.m. Sunday, 8:30 a.m.  
For North Conway, 9:55 a.m., 2:45 p.m.  
For Somersworth, 4:50, 9:45, 9:55, 10:45 a.m., 2:45, 5:30 p.m.  
For Rochester, 9:45, 9:55 a.m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p.m.  
For Dover, 4:50, 9:45 a.m., 12:20, 2:40, 5:22, 8:52 p.m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:48 a.m., 8:57 p.m.  
For North Hampton and Hampton, 7:20, 8:15, 10:53 a.m., 5:00 p.m. Sunday, 8:00 a.m., 5:00 p.m.  
Trains for Portsmouth  
Leave Boston, 7:30, 9:00, 10:10, 11:51 a.m., 12:30, 3:00, 4:45, 7:00, 7:45 p.m. Sunday, 4:30, 8:20, 9:00 a.m., 6:40, 7:00 p.m.  
Leave Portland, 2:00, 9:00 a.m., 12:45, 6:00 p.m. Sunday, 2:00 a.m., 12:45 p.m.  
Leave North Conway, 7:25 a.m., 4:15 p.m.  
Leave Rochester, 7:19, 9:47 a.m., 3:50, 6:25 p.m. Sunday, 7:00 a.m.  
Leave Somersworth, 6:35, 7:32, 10:00 a.m., 4:05, 6:30 p.m.  
Leave Dover, 6:50, 10:24 a.m., 1:40, 4:30, 6:30, 9:25 p.m. Sunday, 7:30 a.m., 9:25 p.m.  
Leave Hampton, 9:22, 11:53 a.m., 2:12, 4:59, 6:16 p.m. Sunday, 6:26, 10:08 a.m., 8:09 p.m.  
Leave North Hampton, 9:48, 11:59 a.m., 2:19, 5:05, 6:21 p.m. Sunday, 6:30, 10:12 a.m., 8:15 p.m.  
Leave Greenland, 9:35 a.m., 12:05, 2:25, 5:11, 6:27 p.m. Sunday, 6:35, 10:18 a.m., 8:30 p.m.

SOUTHERN DIVISION

PORTSMOUTH BRANCH

Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations:  
Portsmouth, 8:30 a.m., 12:45, 5:25 p.m.  
Greenland Village, 8:39 a.m., 12:54, 5:33 p.m.  
Rockingham Junction, 9:07 a.m., 1:07, 5:58 p.m.  
Epping, 9:22 a.m., 1:21, 6:14 p.m.  
Raymond, 9:32 a.m., 1:32, 6:25 p.m.  
Returning leave  
Concord, 7:45, 10:26 a.m., 3:30 p.m.  
Manchester, 8:30, 11:10 a.m., 4:20 p.m.  
Raymond, 9:10, 11:48 a.m., 5:02 p.m.  
Epping, 9:22 a.m., 12:00 p.m., 5:16 p.m.  
Rockingham Junction, 9:47 a.m., 12:17, 5:53 p.m.  
Greenland Village, 10:01 a.m., 12:29, 6:06 p.m.  
Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Dover, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodsville, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt., Montreal and the west.  
Information given, through ticket agent and baggage checked to all points at the station.  
D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.  
Y. H. & B. R. R.  
Leave Portsmouth, 8:40, 10:50 a.m., 2:50, 5:50 p.m.  
Leave York Beach, 6:25, 10:00 a.m., 1:30, 4:05 p.m.  
W. T. PERKINS, Supt.

PORTSMOUTH, KITTERY & YORK STREET R.Y.

Winter Arrangement, 1900.

Ferry plies between Portsmouth and Kittery, making close connection with the electric cars.  
Ferry leaves P. K. & Y. landing, Portsmouth, for Kittery, Kittery Point, Sea Point, York Corner, York Village, York Harbor and York Beach—8:55, 7:25, 7:55, 8:55, 9:25, 9:55, 10:25, 10:55, 11:25, 11:55 a.m., 12:25, 12:55, 1:25, 1:55, 2:25, 2:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:25, 6:55, 7:25, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25, 9:55, 10:25, 10:55 p.m.  
Car leaves Sea Point for Portsmouth—8:00, 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00 a.m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p.m.  
Car leaves York Beach for Portsmouth—5:45, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a.m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 p.m.  
Sunday time same as on week days, except that the first boat leaves ferry landing, Portsmouth, at 7:55 a.m., and first car leaves York Beach at 7:30 a.m.  
For special and extra cars address W. G. McLEOD, Gen. Manager.

U. S. NAVY FERRY LAUNCH NO. 132.

GOVERNMENT BOAT, FOR GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

Leave Portsmouth, 8:30, 8:50, 9:30, 11:00 a.m., 12:15, 1:55, 2:15, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00 p.m. Sundays 10:07, 11:45 a.m., 12:15, 12:45 p.m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a.m., 12:00 m.  
Leave Navy Yard, 8:00, 8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:10, 11:45 a.m., 1:45, 2:05, 3:00, 4:00, 4:45, 5:15, 7:20 p.m. Sundays, 10:00, 10:15 a.m., 19:00 m., 12:30 p.m. Holidays, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 a.m.  
May 1st until October 1st  
Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. L. H. Thayer, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school in the chapel at 12:00 m. Young people's meeting at 6:45 p.m. Vesper service at 7:30. All are welcome.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. George W. Gile, pastor. Services at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school in the chapel at 12:00 m. Prayer meetings Tuesdays and Fridays at 7:45 p.m. All are invited.

FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. Robert L. Dutton, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a.m. Sunday school at 11:45 a.m. Junior Christian Endeavor meeting at 3:00 p.m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p.m. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30. Prayer and social meeting Friday evening.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Court street, Rev. Myron Tyler, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p.m. Evening service at 7:30. Y. P. S. O. E. meeting on Tuesday evening and prayer meeting on Friday evening at 7:30. All are welcome.

OLD ST. JOHN'S CHURCH—EPISCOPAL.

Church hill, Rev. Henry E. Hovey, pastor. Sunday, at 10:30 a.m., morning prayer, litany and sermon. Holy communion, first Sunday in every month and the greater festivals, 12:00 m. Holy days, 8:30 a.m. Evensong, Sunday, 8:30 p.m. Friday, Ember days, in chapel at 5:00 p.m. Parish Sunday school in chapel at 3:00 p.m. At the evensong service, both in church and chapel, the seats are free. At all the services strangers are cordially welcomed and provided for.

CHRIST CHURCH—EPISCOPAL.

Madison street, head of Austin street, Rev. Charles LeV. Brine, pastor. On Sundays, holy communion at 7:30, matins or holy communion at 10:30 a.m., Sunday school at 12:00 m., evensong at 8:30 a.m., O. E. services (daily) at 9:00 a.m., evensong (daily) at 6:00, on Friday, evensong at 7:30 p.m., holy communion, Thursday at 7:30 a.m. On holy days, holy communion at 7:30, matins at 9:00 a.m., evensong at 7:30 p.m. Seats free and unappropriated. Good music. All welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

State street, Rev. Thomas Whiteside, pastor. Morning prayer at 10:00. Preaching service at 10:30 a.m. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Epworth League meeting at 6:00 p.m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p.m. All are cordially invited.

CHURCH OF CHRIST—UNIVERSALIST.

Pleasant street, corner Jenkins avenue. Rev. George E. Leighton, pastor. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Administration of the holy sacrament the first Sunday in the month at 11:45 a.m. Good music. Y. P. C. U. meetings every Sunday evening at 6:30 in the vestry. Strangers are especially welcome.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Alfred Gooding, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:00 m. All are invited.

ADVENT CHURCH.

O. M. Sammons, pastor. Social service at 10:30 a.m. Preaching at 2:45 and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at 12:40 m. Prayer service at 7:15 p.m. All are invited.

CHURCH OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

Rev. Eugene M. O'Callaghan, pastor. Services at 8:30 and 10:30 a.m. Vespers at 3:00 p.m.

X. M. C. A.

Association rooms open from 9:00 to 10:30 a.m. and from 1:00 to 6:00 p.m. Men's meeting at 4:00 p.m. Open week days from 9:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

PEOPLE'S CHURCH.

Rev. R. L. Harris, pastor. Service from 11 to 12 every Sunday morning. Sunday school at 3 p.m. Praise meeting at 7:30 p.m. Preaching at 8 p.m. Young people's meeting on Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Cottage meetings on Friday evenings at 8 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend these services, which are free to all.

SALVATION ARMY.

Meetings will be held all day in the hall on Market street. Hall closed at 7:30 a.m. Holiness meeting at 10:00 a.m. Free and easy at 3:00 p.m. Salvation meeting at 8:00 p.m.

SECOND METHODIST CHURCH, KITTERY.

Rev. E. C. Andrews, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a.m. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m. Evening service at 7:00. All are cordially invited.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, KITTERY.

Rev. Elbridge Gerry, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a.m. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Prayer meeting at 7:00 p.m.

SECOND CHRISTIAN CHURCH, KITTERY.

Rev. Mr. Hall, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a.m. Sunday school at 11:45 a.m. Y. P. S. O. E. meeting at 6:00 p.m. Prayer meeting at 7:00 p.m. All are welcome.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH, SOUTH HAM.

Rev. Geo. W. Brown, pastor. Sunday school at 10:00 a.m. Prayer meeting at 11:30 a.m. Preaching at 2:00 and 7:30 p.m. All are welcome.

SECOND METHODIST CHURCH, SOUTH HAM.

Rev. Elbridge Gerry, pastor. Sunday school at 1:00 p.m. Preaching at 2:00 p.m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p.m.

TO FOUND MODEL TOWN

Gigantic Industrial Scheme of Capitalists in Philadelphia.

PROJECT DEFINITELY UNDER WAY

Committee Appointed to Consider Sites and Plans of Organization. City Will Probably Be Located on Delaware River.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23.—A project was put on foot here last night which it is hoped by its promoters will result in the founding of a great model industrial town near this city. The scheme was made public at a dinner given by Joseph J. Byers, formerly of New York, but now a financier of this city. Among those present were many men prominent in financial circles of this city and New York. They included William H. Armstrong, former United States railroad commissioner; Howard Butcher of the Southern Cotton Oil company, Elgin R. L. Gould, president of the City and Suburban Homes company, New York; Clarence D. L. Gould of Baltimore, Dr. W. W. Keen, the well known surgeon; John Wanamaker of Philadelphia and New York, Theodore C. Search, president of the National Association of Manufacturers; Spencer Trask, banker, of New York; William D. Wilson of the Boston and Philadelphia Steamship company and Elhu C. Irvin, president of the Fire association of Philadelphia.

The idea originated with Mr. Byers, and it is his hope to found a town where shall be gathered a variety of manufactures and an army of employees under social conditions creditable to capital and helpful to working people, town and country. The project was organized according to the most approved business methods and was incidentally organized with the highest regard to the physical and intellectual welfare of its residents. Addresses were made by Messrs. Byers, Trask, Search, Ogden, E. L. Gould, the Rev. Dr. L. T. Chamberlain of New York, A. W. Hilbury of this city and Mr. Irvin. All the speakers were enthusiastic in their remarks on the subject and gave many illustrations of the coming necessity for the founding of industrial towns in order to insure the lasting prosperity of the country.

The meeting resulted in the appointment of a committee to consider sites and plans for the organization of such a town as was outlined in the speeches. No definite plans were suggested, but it is probable that men of wealth will be interested and an association formed which will purchase a great tract of land, probably at some point along the Delaware river. Large manufacturers will be invited to build plants thereon, and the employees will be given a chance to buy their homes on easy terms.

General Wheeler Joins the G. A. R.

Boston, Nov. 23.—From his home in the south came General Joseph Wheeler to renew cherished associations with his Grand Army comrades of Boston at the invitation of E. W. Kinsley Post No. 113, G. A. R., and before the comrades of the post, assembled at Young's, he spoke words of patriotism and of unity. On the breast which was once bared for northern missiles of war was pinned the private gold and treacher badge of the post. General Wheeler was made an honorary member of the organization. The general made a feeling response and then reviewed the story of the Spanish war as he saw it from his participation in it. The other speakers were Professor Williams of Brown university, Mayor Hart, General C. H. Taylor, who was toastmaster, and the President of the Senate and Speaker Myers of the house.

Lancers Charge the Boers.

Bloemfontein, Nov. 23.—The Boers under Brand were defeated on Nov. 18 at Baderspan with heavy losses. The lancers charging through the flying Boer line and doing deadly damage, as a number of viceregal horses demonstrated. Brand himself was wounded. The British casualties were serious. Native reports of the former President Steyn and General De Wet, with 1,000 men, traversed the British lines between Alexandria and Warringtonham's Store and attacked a British post. But, it is added, the Boers subsequently retired and took the road to De Wet's Dorp in the Orange River Colony.

Ballot Box Stolen.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Nov. 23.—Although the elections for the Canadian parliament were held two weeks ago, this province is still in a political turmoil, partly due to doubt concerning the election of a member of the Canadian parliament in the West division of Prince county as the result of the theft of a ballot box. After the election Edward Hackett (Conservative) was declared elected by a majority of three votes. A recount requested by A. McClinton, Liberal, was to have taken place, but it was discovered that one of the ballot boxes was missing.

The Dover Canteen Scandal.

London, Nov. 23.—The extraordinary interest taken here in the Dover canteen scandal, which has been dubbed the "British Dreyfus case," was accentuated by the acquittal of Master Gunner Acheson, accused of initiating a conspiracy against General Lord Roberts, commander of the Royal Garrison artillery. The latter was acquitted Oct. 13 of embezzling canteen money, and Acheson demanded a trial by court martial on the allegation that he had hatched a plot. His acquittal is taken to mean the reopening of the charge against Beckett.

White Laborers For Hawaii.

Honolulu, via San Francisco, Nov. 23.—News has been received here that about 200 white laborers have been engaged in New Bedford, Mass., for sugar plantations work here. They are French-Canadians and Portuguese. They have signed contracts to work for two years at \$22 a month for eight months of each year and at \$1.50 a day for the other four months. Women and children are to get from \$10 to \$15 per month. The employers are to furnish rent, water and fuel free.

Bookkeeper Said to Be \$600 Short.

New Brunswick, N. J., Nov. 23.—News has been received here that about 200 white laborers have been engaged in New Bedford, Mass., for sugar plantations work here. They are French-Canadians and Portuguese. They have signed contracts to work for two years at \$22 a month for eight months of each year and at \$1.50 a day for the other four months. Women and children are to get from \$10 to \$15 per month. The employers are to furnish rent, water and fuel free.

**GOLD DUST**  
THE BEST  
Washing Powder

WU ON CHINESE COMMERCE

Predicts Growing Demand For American Champagne.

Cincinnati, Nov. 23.—Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, was the guest of honor last night at the eighth annual dinner of the Commercial club of Cincinnati, given at the rooms of the Queen City Club. It is the first time an official of the Celestial Empire has honored Cincinnati with his presence, and it is certain that Minister Wu, by his ready adaptation to his new surroundings and by his hearty, unaffected manner, has not only made friends for himself, but for his country as well. His was the first speech at the dinner. Minister Wu, in an introductory address and evoked hearty applause. The minister was visibly touched by this evidence of good feeling and returned thanks with deep emotion. His theme was "The Foreign Trade of China," which, he said, was constantly growing. He was glad to say that the trade of the United States with China was increasing more rapidly than that of any foreign country.

Mr. Wu read figures showing that in the past five years imports from Europe, exclusive of England and Russia, had increased 25 per cent and imports from England 80 per cent, while those from the United States had increased 377 per cent. He argued that this trade would still increase; that China would want more and more as they came in contact with foreigners. This was already shown in the Chinese imports. Twenty years ago no cigars and no champagne were used in China. Now many Chinese smoke more than Americans, and he naively asked, "How can they refuse good champagne?" He gave reasons why more and more demand would be found in China for foreign goods, asserting that human nature was the same in the world over; that people are never satisfied, but always want more.

ALSTAETER FREE.

Captured Lieutenant Reaches American Lines.

Manila, Nov. 23.—Lieutenant Frederick W. Alstaeter of the United States engineers, who was captured by the insurgents last September north of San Isidro, has been released. He entered the American garrison in Capuan, province of Nueva Ecija, on Tuesday evening. His capture had been a great surprise, as Aguinaldo's order for the release of American soldiers included only enlisted men.

A detachment of 100 men from Companies I and M, Twenty-fifth United States Infantry (colored), under Captain O'Neill, made a clever capture of 30 insurgents, with rifles, supplies and 1,500 rounds of ammunition in a camp east of San Marcelino, which the Americans charged at daybreak. Among the rifles captured were a few Krag-Jorgensen which the insurgents recently had obtained. Several of the Filipinos were wounded.

Poe's Books Bring Big Prices.

New York, Nov. 23.—Poe's "Tamer lane," Boston, 1827, the poet's first book and one of three copies now in existence, brought the record price of \$2,050 at the sale of the first part of the library of the late Thomas J. McKee. The second book of the poet, "Al Ararat, Tamerlane, and Minor Poems," Baltimore, 1829, was sold for \$1,100, and his third book, "The Raven," on Tuesday evening, his copy of "The Raven" bound with his "Tales" (which Poe gave to Sarah Helen Whitman) selling for \$610. At the same time a unique copy of Irving's "Knickerbocker," New York, 1809, in the original boards, uncut, brought \$290, and Andie's "Cow Chase," New York, 1780, was sold for \$270. The day's sale brought in two sessions over \$5,000.

Train Robbers Still at Large.

Little Rock, Nov. 23.—Report from the vicinity of the train robbery on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railroad show that the robbers are still at large. The posse yesterday was close to the fugitives, and it was thought capture was certain. Officers are confident that the robbers are still around Gifford, where the robbery occurred, and it is suspected one or more of the gang will be taken. The posse is working up. Accurate descriptions of the men have been secured from the train crew, and several arrests are likely to be made soon. Governor Jones could offer no reward, the state's reward fund having been exhausted.

Novels.

Mr. Gladstone rightly holds that in considering the value of novels the proper test to apply is the query, "Which novel will best bear reading and rereading?" He agrees with Wilkie Collins in thinking Scott the first novelist of the century. "The Bride of Lammermoor" is Gladstone's favorite, and he reads it every three or four years. George Eliot, he thinks, comes next to Scott, her masterpiece being "Silas Marner." Of Thackeray, Mr. Gladstone has a decidedly poor opinion.

The first counterfeit greenback (series of 1862) was made at Lawrence, Ind., by Pete McCarty and the criminally famous Johnson brothers.

The heaviest turnip we ever saw was a little thing. We estimated its weight after eating it.—West Union Gazette.

For a Cold in the Head

Laxative Bromo-Crisaline Tablets.

PEARL DIVERS OF CEYLON.

Marco Polo Tells of Chambers Who Keep Away Sharks.

When you leave the island of Sella and sail westward about 60 miles, you come to the great province of Manbar, which is styled India the Greater. It is the best of all the Indies and is on the mainland.

In this province there are five kings, who are own brothers. The province is the finest and noblest in the world. At this end of the province reigns one of those five royal brothers, who is crowned king, and his name is Sonder Bandi Dava.

In this kingdom they find five and great pearls, and I will tell how they are got. The sea here forms a gulf between the island of Sella and the mainland, and all round this gulf the water has a depth of no more than 10 or 12 fathoms and in some places no more than two fathoms. The pearl fishers take their vessels, great and small, and proceed into this gulf, where they stop from the beginning of April till the middle of May. They go first to a place called Bettalar and then go 60 miles into the gulf. Here they cast anchor and shift from their large vessels into small boats. The merchants divide into various companies, and each of these must engage a number of men on wages, hiring them for April and half of May. Of all the produce they have first to pay the king, his royalty, the tenth part, and they must also pay those men who charm the great fishes, to prevent them from injuring the divers while engaged in seeking pearls under water, one-twentieth part of all that they may take.

These fish charms are termed abrahman, and their charms holds good for that day only, for at night they dissolve the charms so that the fishes can work mischief at their will. These abrahman know also how to charm beasts and birds and every living thing. When the men have got into the small boats, they jump into the water and dive to the bottom, which may be at a depth of from 4 to 12 fathoms, and there they remain as long as they are able, and there they find the shells that contain the pearls, and these they put into a net bag tied round the waist and mount up to the surface with them and then dive again. When they can't hold their breath any longer, they come up again, and after a little down they go once more, and so they go on all day. These shells are in shape like oysters or sea hoods, and in these shells are found pearls, great and small, of every kind, sticking in the flesh of the shellfish.

In this manner pearls are fished in great quantities, for thence, in fact, come the pearls which are spread all over the world. And the king of that state hath a very great receipt and treasure from his dues upon these pearls. The True Story of Marco Polo, by Noah Brooks, in St. Nicholas.

He Arrives Too Late.

"I'm always just a bit too late," sighed the inventor as he threw down a patent office report.

"When I was stretching telegraph wires up the north-west before the war, I invented a telephone with which to talk along the line. When I got back to civilization, some other fellow had the machine in working order and patented. One day I delighted my confidential friends with a photograph, and while they were trying to buy stock in the concern along can't work through the newspapers that my automatic talker was the property of some one who was just a few hours ahead of me. I was working night and day on the kinetoscope up to the time that it was patented by another inventor.

"Then I concluded that I would get away from electricity for a time, for it seemed to me my hoodoo. After informing myself as to how paper was made from wood pulp I conceived the idea of producing silk from some vegetable fiber. I kept at it for years, and finally my efforts were crowned with success. I used the spruce tree just as the silk worm assimilates the mulberry leaf, completing the transformation into silk by a chemical process which presented the knottiest problem I had to solve.

"But once more fate gave me the cold shoulder. A Frenchman had been secretly working on the same lines and beat me out by a lap. He has his patents all over the world, and a factory is being built in New Jersey. It means cheap silk and millions to the inventor.

"Now I'm going to try to establish communication with Mars, and I'll bet that if I succeed some other fellow that has been talking with the people there for a week or two will turn up."—Detroit Free Press.

The First English Duke.

Of the five titles of nobility in England the highest in rank and honor is that of duke. It is the first title of dignity of the royal family, but not the highest in antiquity. There is no proof of its being used in England before it was introduced by Edward III, about a year before he himself assumed the title of king of France. Edward the renowned Black Prince, was created Duke of Cornwall, and he was the first duke in England after William the Conqueror. After this creation the title of duke was frequently given, especially to members of the royal family.—Harper's Round Table.

There is no pleasure in life if you dread going to the table to eat and can't rest at night on account of indigestion. Henry Williams, of Boonville, Ind., says he suffered that way for years, till he commenced the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, and adds, "Now I can eat anything I like and I want and sleep soundly every night." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat. Philbrick's pharmacy.

WINE WITH OR WITHOUT.

Wine as it is Served in Some New York Restaurants.

"I noticed," said the observant Cleveland man who recently returned from a trip, "that probably 80 per cent of the patrons of the better class of New York restaurants drink wine—at least they call it wine. It comes in bottles and is sour. Perhaps wine is as good a name as can be devised for it. Anyway they throw it in with the rest of the table d'hôte menu. 'I don't care for any wine,' I said to the waiter one day as he put a plate before me. He spread out his hands. They were fat hands and not overclean. 'But makes no difference whatever,' he politely said. 'But if m'sieur will drink let he will confer ze lasting favor. We have too large of zee stock, and we are anxious to r-reduce.' Then he went away and brought me another bottle.

"A man who looked reliable told me one day that there was a down town restaurant where they give you wine with table d'hôte for 35 cents, without wine, 83 cents. 'It's cheaper to take the wine,' he said. 'It disguises the taste of the dinner.'

"It is undoubtedly true that nobody ever became intoxicated on table d'hôte wine, but I have no hesitation in believing that a man might get dreadfully addicted if he drank enough of it. I don't know how much enough would be, and I never heard of anybody who had the patience to try the experiment. At the same time it is certainly true that the restaurant proprietors seek to produce a taste for wine in their patrons. In several of the higher class places the menu bears the following warning: 'Guests who do not order wine will be charged 25 per cent extra.' When I caught sight of this announcement, I said to the waiter, 'I am against the wine to be again us.' He shrugged his shoulders and coldly replied, 'Ye also haf our principles, m'sieur.'

"They always call you m'sieur, no matter what dialect they speak. An Irish waiter on Forty-second street who asked me in a highly threatening manner if the clams were good, was particular to address me as 'm'cheer.' The clams were bad, but he was large and belligerent waiter, and I listened to ensure him that I wasn't hungry for clams.

"Ye also haf our principles, m'sieur," said the waiter in the high priced restaurant. I hesitated, and just then a kind hearted stranger on the opposite side of the table helped me out of the dilemma. Leaning forward, he said in a hoarse whisper: 'Order the wine, and I'll drink it. You can be true to your principles, and I'll be true to mine.'

"He was a red nosed man, but he had a good heart."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

EASILY MANAGED.

Witty Pat Found the Place, and the Clergyman Dined.

An Irish priest was standing at the corner of a square in London about the hour of dinner, when one of his countrymen, observing the worthy father in perplexity, thus addressed him: "Oh, Father O'Leary, how is your rивince?" "Mighty put out, Pat," was the reply. "Put out! Who'd put out your rивince?" "Ah, you don't understand! This is just it: I am invited to dine at one of



A LARGE LOT OF  
**WHITE AND  
BLACK LACES**  
THIS WEEK.

Half Price on the Entire Lot.

**Lewis E. Staples,**  
7 Market Street.

Yes It's Stronger  
**Eagle**  
QUAD-STAY.  
Sprockets always  
in line.

Road Racer, \$50.  
Track Racer, \$60.

The lightest and easiest running bicycle in the world. Come and trade in your old wheel.

**PHILBRICK'S  
BICYCLE STORE,**  
21 Fleet Street Portsmouth.



**SPRING DECORATIONS ARE  
IN ORDER**

now, and we have the latest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our prices for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

**J. H. Gardiner**  
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

**Buy Now!**

We just received a new lot of  
Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Store Wagons and Sunbake Carriages.  
Also a large line of New and Second-Hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

Just drop around and look them, if you don't want to buy.

**THOMAS McCUE.**  
Stone Stable - Fleet Street

**S. G.**  
BEST 10c CIGAR  
In The Market.  
**S. BRYZMISH, MFG.**  
Pure Havana.

**THE HERALD.**

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1900.

**CITY BRIEFS**

The laws are still green.  
Whist parties are in full swing.  
The steamed clam season is here.  
December second is Advent Sunday.  
Home made mince meat at the Women's Exchange.

House flies persistently refuse to go into winter quarters.

One drunk was booked at the police station on Friday night.

There were six lodgers at the police station on Friday night.

The rabbit hunters are anxiously awaiting a light fall of snow.

Now the poultry dealers want a good cold spell until after Thanksgiving.

The gripe sells down during the last few days will soon proceed to blossom.

Only five more days are left in which you can get your appetite in shape for Thanksgiving turkey.

The High school boys are making plans to have their annual benefit the latter part of next month.

Rheumatism in all its forms is promptly and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla which neutralizes acidity of the blood.

Two blind boys, one singing and the other playing a small harp, took quite a lot of small coin from pedestrians on Congress street, Friday evening.

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Haverhill, Ky.

The New York horse show is reported to have sealed the fate of the chrysanthemum as the popular winter flower. Violets are said to have the call, by twenty-five to one.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

The fire-master Helen W. Hart, from Philadelphia, which arrived in port on Friday afternoon, with coal for the Boston and Maine railroad, was never here before.

Builds up the system, puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

There was a gangster's meeting in Rye on Friday evening and the troika car leaving here at ten o'clock ran through to North Hampton, taking home from Rye about thirty people.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

The Christmas trade has assumed proportionate and rarely a day passes now that a load of the spicy green trees from Maine does not pass through this city, en route to New York, where they retail for two or three dollars each.

The Maplewood A. C. eleven will play in Salmon Falls, Thanksgiving day. The Maplewoods will take the strongest team they have had in the field this season, and have strong hopes of winning the game.

Most of the hotels in town have had fires in their open fireplaces for some time and the warmth and cheerfulness afforded make the offices and parlors very pleasant for the guests. Even if it is not cold, a dull, dismal day is greatly brightened by an open fire.

The Pfeiffer property at 73 and 75 Congress street, opposite the Kearsarge hotel, consisting of a store in the lower story and a tenement of five rooms above, will be sold at auction this Saturday forenoon, at eleven o'clock, by J. Dwight Hanson, on the premises.

Word was received in this city on Friday evening, that the mother of W. Scott Smith, formerly of this city and now private secretary of the interior, had died in Washington. Mrs. Smith had been declining rapidly for some time and for the past few days had been unconscious.

Additional locals on page four.

**The Whole Story  
in one letter about**

**Pain-Killer**  
(PAIN EXPELLER)

From Capt. L. J. Luge, Police Station No. 6, Montreal: "We frequently use PAIN-KILLER for pains in the stomach, rheumatism, stiffness, neuralgic, chilblains, cramps, and all afflictions which beset mankind in our position. I have no hesitation in saying that PAIN-KILLER is the best remedy I have ever used."  
I used Internally and Externally.  
Two Sizes, 2c. and 50c. bottles.

**THIRTY YEARS OF SERVICE**

**City Marshal Thomas Entwistle's  
Honorable Service.**

**His War Record Is One that He May  
Be Proud of.**

**He Is in Good Health and as Lively  
as Ever.**

Very few men are better known in the state of New Hampshire than Chief of Police Thomas Entwistle of this city, who Thursday completed thirty years as an officer of the law.

The subject of this sketch was born in Hyde, Cheshire county, England, Jan. 12, 1840, but came to this city in his boyhood and found employment in the Kearsarge cotton mills. He remained there until the breaking out of the war of the rebellion, when he was among the first who offered their services for the preservation of the union. He enlisted in Co. D, 31 regiment, New Hampshire volunteers, on June 21,



CITY MARSHAL THOMAS E. ENTWISTLE.

1861, his regiment at first being assigned to the 10th corps, commanded by Gen. Gilmore, but when Gen. Grant assumed command it was under the orders of Gen. Butler.

Mr. Entwistle served from the beginning of the war to its end. He estimates for one year of the time he was constantly under fire. On July 10, 1862, he was wounded by a minie ball in the ribs, and was again wounded at Drury's Bluff, receiving the injury this time in his right leg, and resulting in his capture by the enemy.

He was first taken to Libby prison, and after a lapse of two weeks to Andersonville, where he was held nine months. Early in February, 1865, as he and other prisoners were being transferred to another place, a daring break for liberty was made by some 50 of the number, including Mr. Entwistle, who jumped from the train and escaped.

After a perilous journey lasting 21 days, during which they suffered untold hardships, he and two companions reached the union lines on Feb. 22. He received a furlough of 30 days after the assault on Fort Wagner in recognition of meritorious conduct on the field. Also in the course of the service he was advanced to the rank of sergeant, and at one time he was recommended for a lieutenant's commission and would have received it but for a thoughtless speech of his, uttered on the impulse of the moment. He was honorably discharged at Concord, Aug. 2, 1865.

After receiving his discharge he returned to this city and obtained employment in the blacksmith shop at the navy yard, where he worked about 18 months. He was then appointed on the night police, and at the end of two years he was elected assistant marshal and held that office for nine years. He was then elected city marshal, in which capacity he served eight years, making a continuous period of 10 years spent in public service. Subsequently he was captain of the watch at the navy yard, but was removed from this position under President Cleveland's administration, and for some time he worked in the blacksmith shop of the Boston & Maine railroad.

He was reinstated captain of the watch at the navy yard after the election of President Harrison and held the position for seven years, resigning to accept the office of chief of police, which he still occupies and fills in an able manner.

On Oct. 13, 1893, he was married to Miss Elvira S. Dyer, daughter of Elizabeth Dyer of this city, and is the result of

the union three daughters and two sons were born. Two of the daughters are married, George being the wife of Oliver Goldsmith, a well-known engineer on the Boston & Maine railroad, and Elizabeth the wife of Arthur Tafts; the other daughter, Miss Maud L., resides at home. The two sons, William T. and Albert H., are employed at the navy yard.

Both of the parents are members of St. John's Episcopal church. In politics Mr. Entwistle is a republican, and has been one of the leaders in Ward 1 for many years, and has served as selectman, councilman and alderman.

In secret societies he is a member of St. John's lodge, A. F. and A. M., Osgood lodge, 48, I. O. O. F., and of Storer Post, I. G. A. R. of this city.

**WANTS A PARDON.**

But Mrs. Mary Barrows Not Likely to Get It.

Two petitions for pardon were received at the meeting of the governor and council of Maine Friday afternoon, when there was but little besides the regular routine of business to take up their attention.

The first petition was for the pardon of Mary E. Barrows of Kittery, who in 1884, at the age of 42 years, was sentenced to state prison for life for murder. It is numerously signed by Ku-

tery residents.

The murder at the time it was committed was considered one of the most atrocious ever committed in this part of the state. At the time of the trial she claimed her innocence, and in her petition states that she believes that she was unjustly sentenced. She states that on account of her age she is able to care for herself if her sentence be commuted to 16 years from a life sentence. She also asks that the usual time be taken off for good behavior. The date of the hearing was assigned to the December meeting of the council.

Oscar Blaney, who murdered Barrows and received a life sentence with Mrs. Barrows, committed suicide four years ago at the prison.

**SPREAD LIKE WILDFIRE.**

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in 20 years. You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, rundown man or woman. Price 30 cents. Sold by Globe Grocery Co."

**OBSEQUIES.**

The funeral of Mrs. George B. Obrey was held at the home on Woodbury avenue at two o'clock this afternoon. There was a large attendance of the relatives and friends of the deceased whose death on Thursday caused such a shock among them. The Rev. Lucius H. Thayer, pastor of the North church, conducted the service. There were many floral tributes from the friends. Interment was in Harmony Grove cemetery. Mr. O. W. Ham was the funeral director.

The funeral of George C., the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver I. Howe of 109 Lexington street was held at ten o'clock this forenoon, the Rev. Charles LeV. Brine, rector of Christ church, conducting the rites for the dead little one. The service was very impressive. The floral tributes numbered pieces from his little friends. The little form was laid to rest in Harmony Grove cemetery. Mr. O. W. Ham had charge of the funeral.

The Herald contains all the latest news. Give it a trial.

M  
O  
N  
E  
Y

**GAS BILLS REDUCED 25 to 50 Per Cent.**  
Guaranteed Saving  
By attaching to any Gas Meter

**THE SLEEMAN AUTOMATIC  
GAS SAVING GOVERNOR**

INSURING GREATER BRILLIANCY,  
STABILIZER FLAME, SECURITY AGAINST  
FIRE. INSURANCE RISKS GREATLY  
REDUCED. NO BLOWING NOR SMOKING  
BURNERS. NO BROKEN GLOBES.

**Marvelous Sanitary Effects.**  
No Poisonous Vapors from Unconsumed Gases.  
No soot or smoke. No soot on walls,  
ceilings or furniture.

**Practical Economy.**  
You pay their cost to Gas Company every  
three months, four times a year.

**Reliable and Durable.**  
And so constructed that it can not get out of  
order or wear out. No Acids or Mercury used  
to poison the atmosphere.

Indorsed by U. S. Government and Leading Corporations throughout the Country.

F  
O  
R  
Y  
O  
U

**Better than Government Bonds,  
Savings Banks Accounts,  
or Real Estate Investments.**

Is the Guaranteed Saving of from  
**25 TO 50 PER CENT**  
monthly on all Gas Bills.

WE COURT THE SEVEREST INVESTIGATION.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

Prices from  
**\$15.00 TO \$400.**  
according to size of meter and number of  
lights.

Designed to take the place of the above for  
residences and small consumers. Goes in the  
burner. Can be adjusted by a child. Simple  
and durable. Absolutely controls the pressure  
and will save you from 30 to 60 per cent on your monthly bill. Will do  
all the work claimed for the large machine. Price, 25 cents each. \$2.50  
per dozen. Sent postpaid on receipt of Postal, Money Order, Currency or  
Stamps. Liberal terms and exclusive territory to agents.

**THE GAS TIP  
REGULATOR**

**INTERNATIONAL GAS SAVING MAN'G CO.**  
126 LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK.

**PERSONALS**

Major Edward E. McIntire passed Friday in Boston on business.

Hon. J. S. H. Frink was in Dover on professional matters, Thursday.

H. Fisher Eldredge and family returned from New York on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Ward and little daughter Florence have returned from a short visit to Boston.

John S. Hubley of Atkinson street is back from Alaska, with specimens of the copper from his claims.

George Ayers of Pleasant street has moved into the house on Vaughan street formerly occupied by F. H. Young.

Mrs. William E. Chandler of Washington D. C., is visiting her mother, Mrs. John P. Hale, at the old home-stead in Dover for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Keys of Lynn, Mass., who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Parkinson of Salem, street have returned home.

James Currier of Newburyport, Mass., has rented the new house on Summer street erected by Lawrence Lydston and will move his family to this city next week.

Past Department Commander M. M. Collis of this city was the guest of John L. Perley Post, G. A. R., of Laconia, on Wednesday evening and made a short speech that was well received.

Dr. Walter Marley, superintendent of the state sanatorium for consumptives at Rutland, Vermont, with his mother, Mrs. Annie Marley, is visiting Dr. Boylston and family of Cabot street.

Hon. John W. Emery, Herman Sider, George D. Marcy, John W. Newell, George B. Lord and Fred H. Ward went to Boston on Friday evening, bound for New Haven, to witness the foot ball game.

Mrs. Mary Montgomery Brackett and Mr. Harroun sang selections from French and Italian operas at the meeting of the Musical department of the Grafton club in Conservatory hall, on Friday afternoon.

At the annual meeting of the Massachusetts society of Mayflower descendants held in Boston on Wednesday, the 21st inst., W. Scott Smith and his daughter, Mrs. George Daniel Marcy of this city, were elected to membership. Mr. Smith's mother being a direct descendant of Elder William Brewster of the Mayflower.

**MIDDLE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.**

The subject of the fourth lecture in the Sunday evening course tomorrow evening will be: "The Church and Young People's Societies." There has been of late years a somewhat remarkable growth of organizations for young people in churches of all denominations. Great conventions are held every year and a wonderful amount of enthusiasm is called forth. Intelligent and thoughtful members of our churches are now everywhere asking: What are the benefits of this great uprising? Wherein has it strengthened the Christian force at work in the world and what, if any, are its perils? To all interested in these questions, the lecture tomorrow evening will be welcome.

**For Over Fifty Years**

Mrs. Wrenlow's Sooty-bone Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, cures the gums, allays all pain, cures wind and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea, twenty-five cents a bottle.

**BICYCLE CLUB'S DANCE.**

The Portsmouth Bicycle club conducted a very enjoyable assembly in Peirce hall on Friday evening, Bilbrook's orchestra furnishing the music for the various dances.

Emery Grenier was the floor manager; George Magoon was his assistant, and the aids were Harry Bennett, Geo. Smart, Harold Hot, George Carlton and Everett Bickford.

The following half-hour's entertainment was rendered previous to the dancing: selection, orchestra; song, Joseph O'Leary; club singing, Emery Grenier; song, Freeman Caswell; cake walk, Marion Brown; song, Alex. Bilbrook; song, Joseph O'Leary; selection, orchestra.

**For a Cold in the Head**

**Laxative Bismuth Tablets.**

**ADVENT CHURCH.**

Services at the Advent Christian church on Hanover street tomorrow will be as follows: Social service at 10.30 a. m., Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Young Peoples' service at 6 p. m. Elder H. E. Shattuck of Dover will preach at 2.45 p. m., subject of discourse, "Contentment." He will also preach in the evening. Service at 7.15 All are invited to these services.



**The  
One  
Cause  
of Poor  
Teeth**

Says Dr. Cutter, of Harvard University:—

"There is every probability that the present prevalence of erupting and easily decaying teeth is due for one cause, to the use of flour as food."

The Massachusetts State Board of Health Reports give this startling fact:—

"Of 880 school children in three towns near Boston, under twelve years of age, two thirds had decayed teeth."

Shredded Wheat Biscuit contains, naturally proportioned, all the food elements necessary for the proper nourishment of every part of the body, from head to foot, including the teeth.

Drop a postal (don't send stamp) for "The Vital Question," food-facts for everybody, and 262 ways of serving Shredded Wheat. The Shredded Wheat Company, Worcester, Mass.



**THE FLAG GOES UP**

In many strange and remote places nowadays. It goes up to stay and it means civilization, prosperity and happiness wherever it floats.

We have RAISED THE FLAG OF LOW PRICES in this city. It has gone up to stay. It means satisfaction and economy. It stands for the best Tailor-Made Suits and Overcoats at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Better Goods and Lower Prices than ever before.

**JAS. HAUGH**  
20 High Street.

**NOW**  
Is the time to inspect the samples of  
**FALL and WINTER CLOTHING**

I have just received a new lot of samples and I am prepared to make suits from \$15.00 up and pants from \$4.00 up.

CLEANING, REPAIRING AND PRESSING A SPECIALTY.  
Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed

**O'LEARY, THE TAILOR,**  
5 Bridge Street.

**Old Furniture  
Made New.**

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions and Coverings.

**R. H. HALL**

Hanover Street Near Market.

**PILES**  
For sale by George Hill, Druggist.